

Managing Atrial Fibrillation 2019: Diagnosis, Ablation

Martin C. Burke D.O, FACOI

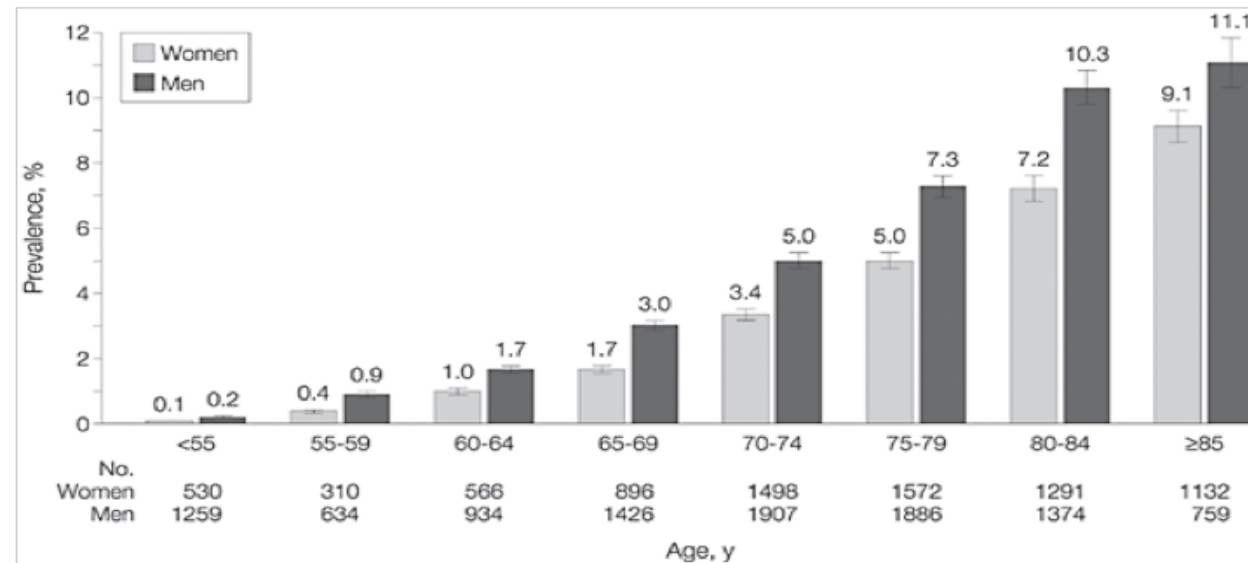
**Chief Scientific Officer
CorVita Science Foundation**



Prevalence of Diagnosed Atrial Fibrillation in Adults: National Implications for Rhythm Management and Stroke Prevention: the AnTicoagulation and Risk Factors In Atrial Fibrillation (ATRIA) Study FREE

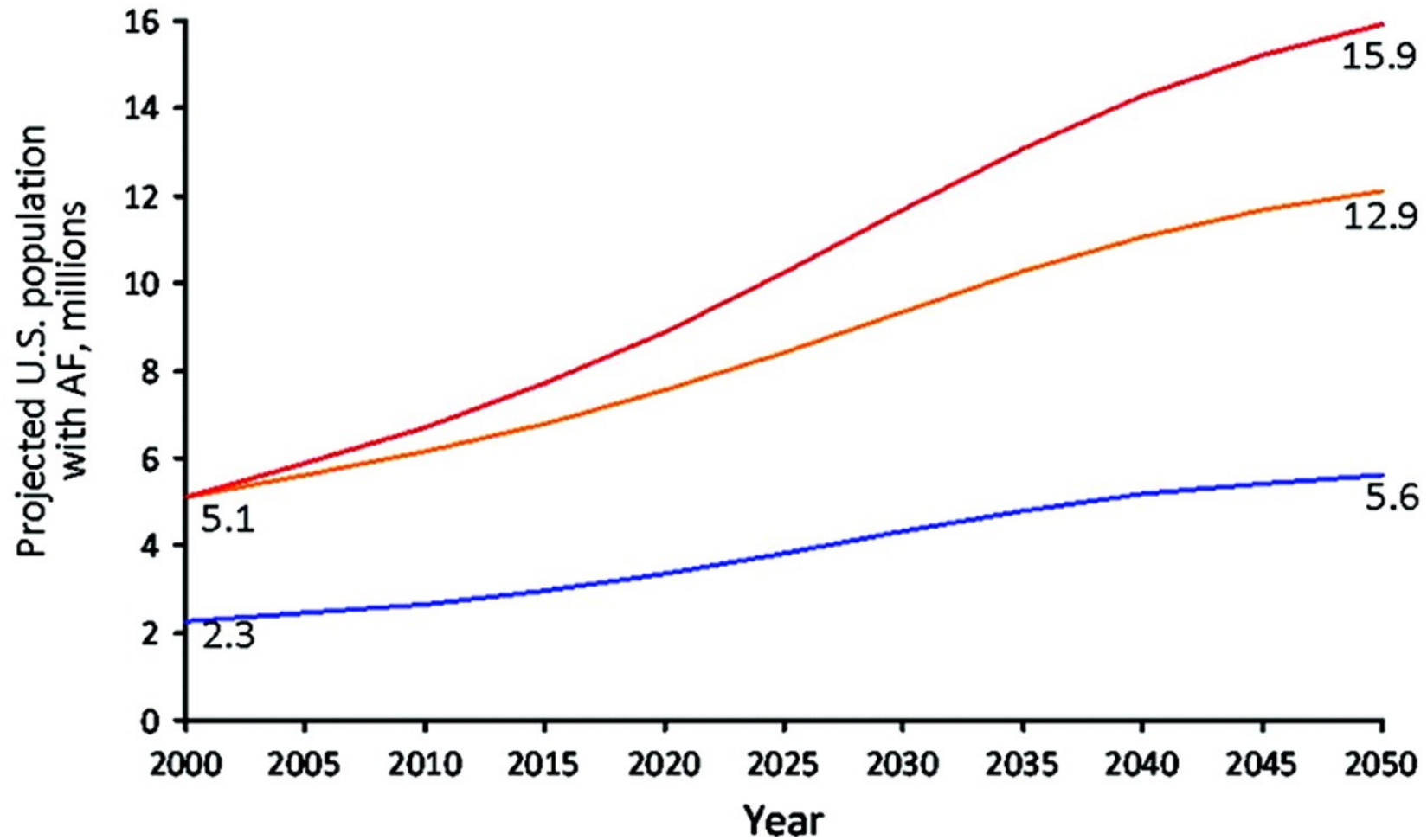
Alan S. Go, MD; Elaine M. Hylek, MD, MPH; Kathleen A. Phillips, BA; YuChiao Chang, PhD; Lori E. Henault, MPH; Joe V. Selby, MD, MPH; Daniel E. Singer, MD

JAMA. 2001;285(18):2370-2375. doi:10.1001/jama.285.18.2370.



- Prevalence of atrial fibrillation increases with age
- Prevalence is higher in men than women in all age groups

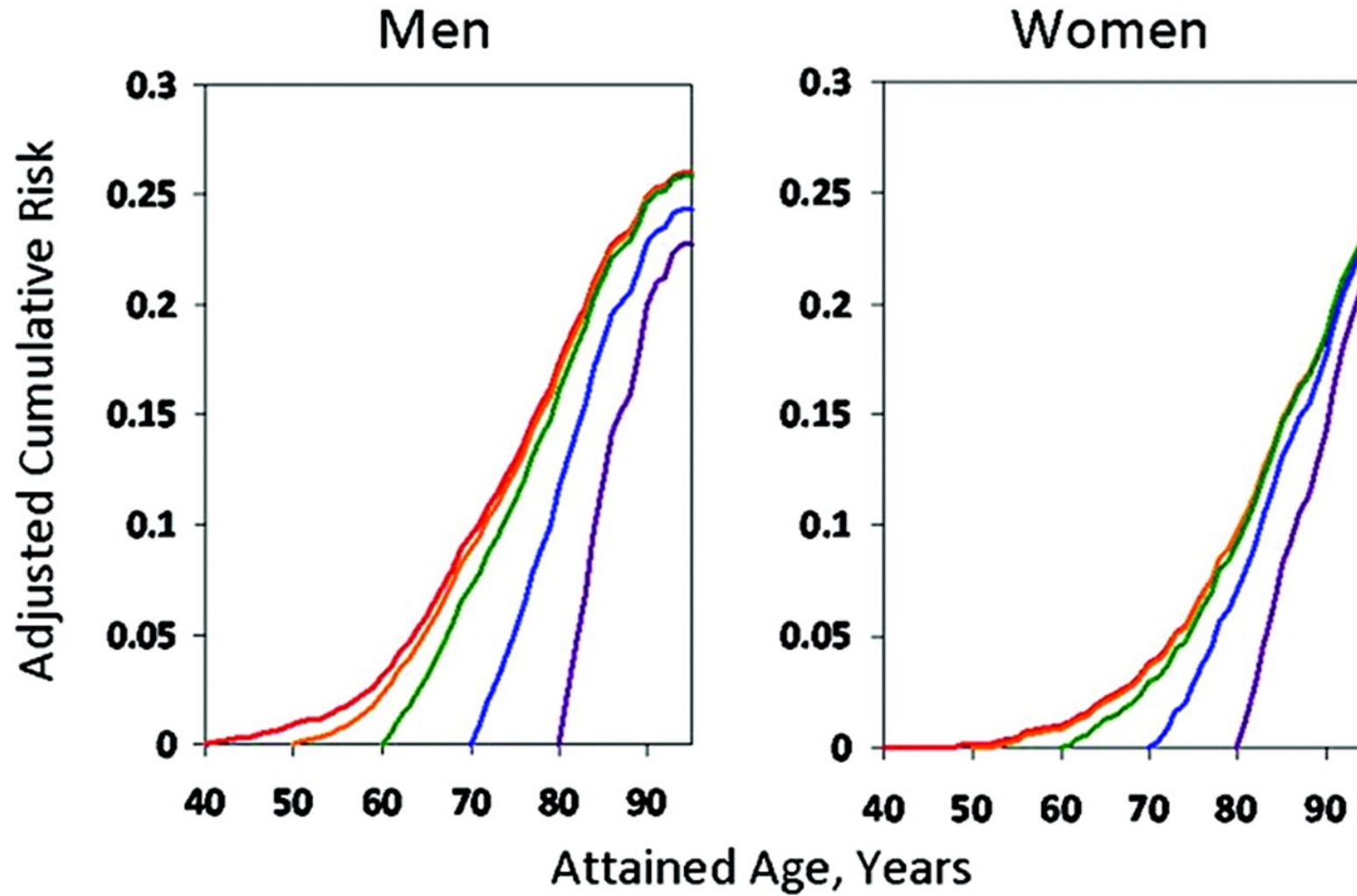
The estimated US prevalence of atrial fibrillation (AF) in the year 2050 ranges from 5.6 million to as high as 15.9 million individuals.



Jared W. Magnani et al. *Circulation*. 2011;124:1982-1993



Lifetime risk for developing atrial fibrillation (AF) from the Framingham Heart Study.



Jared W. Magnani et al. *Circulation*. 2011;124:1982-1993

Types of Atrial Fibrillation

TABLE 3 Definitions of AF: A Simplified Scheme

Term	Definition
Paroxysmal AF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AF that terminates spontaneously or with intervention within 7 d of onset.• Episodes may recur with variable frequency.
Persistent AF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continuous AF that is sustained >7 d.
Long-standing persistent AF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Continuous AF >12 mo in duration.
Permanent AF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The term "permanent AF" is used when the patient and clinician make a joint decision to stop further attempts to restore and/or maintain sinus rhythm.• Acceptance of AF represents a therapeutic attitude on the part of the patient and clinician rather than an inherent pathophysiological attribute of AF.• Acceptance of AF may change as symptoms, efficacy of therapeutic interventions, and patient and clinician preferences evolve.
Nonvalvular AF	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AF in the absence of rheumatic mitral stenosis, a mechanical or bioprosthetic heart valve, or mitral valve repair.

AF indicates atrial fibrillation.

DUAL SUBSTRATES FOR AF

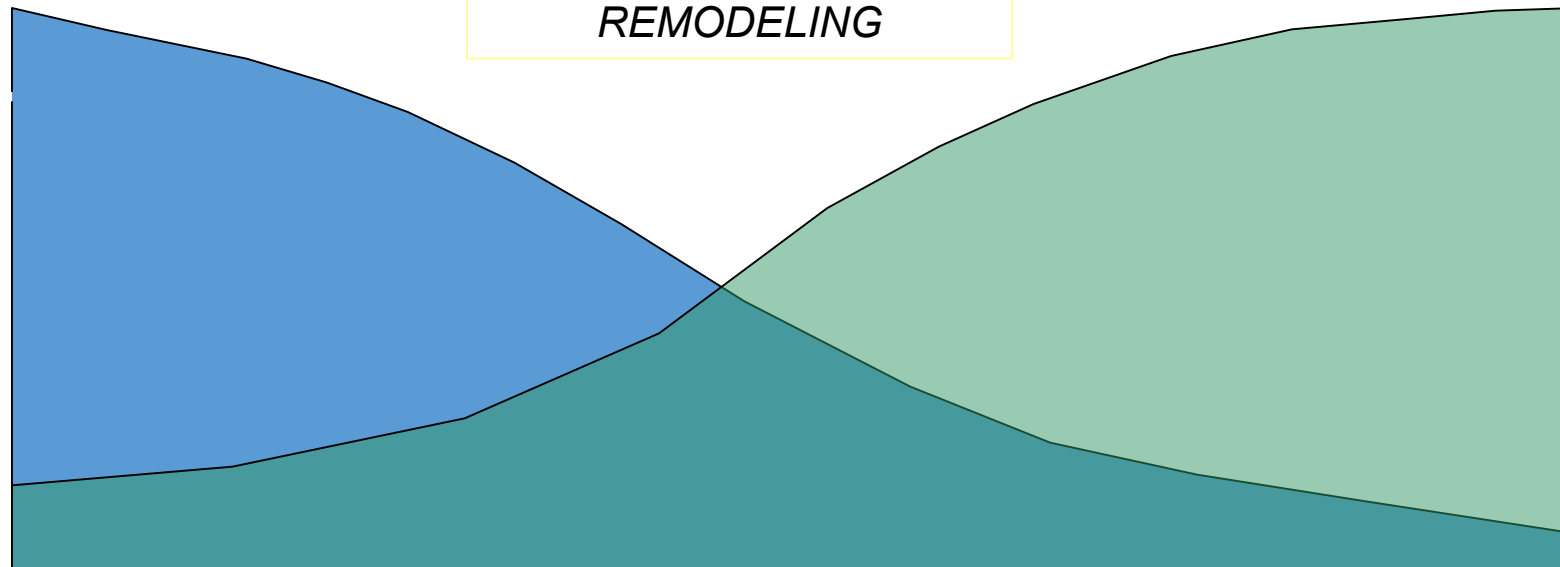
TRIGGERING

PV PACs
OTHER PACs
AT / SVT

MODULATORS
STRETCH
AUTONOMIC TONE
ELECTRICAL
REMODELING

MAINTENANCE

LOCAL ANISOTROPY
FIBROSIS / SCARRING
REPETITIVE TRIGGERING

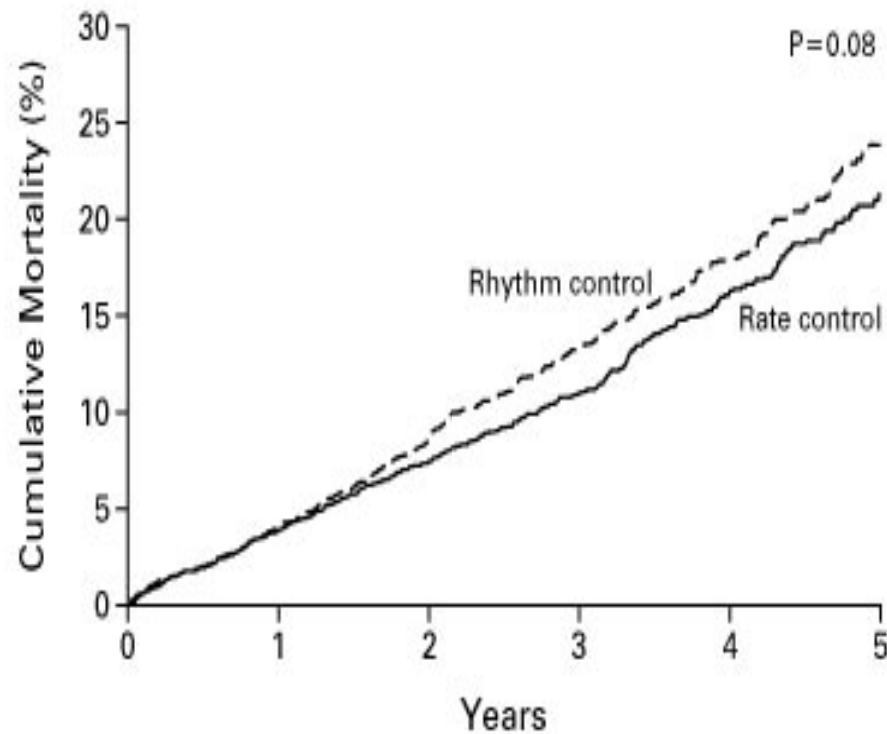


PAROXYSMAL AF

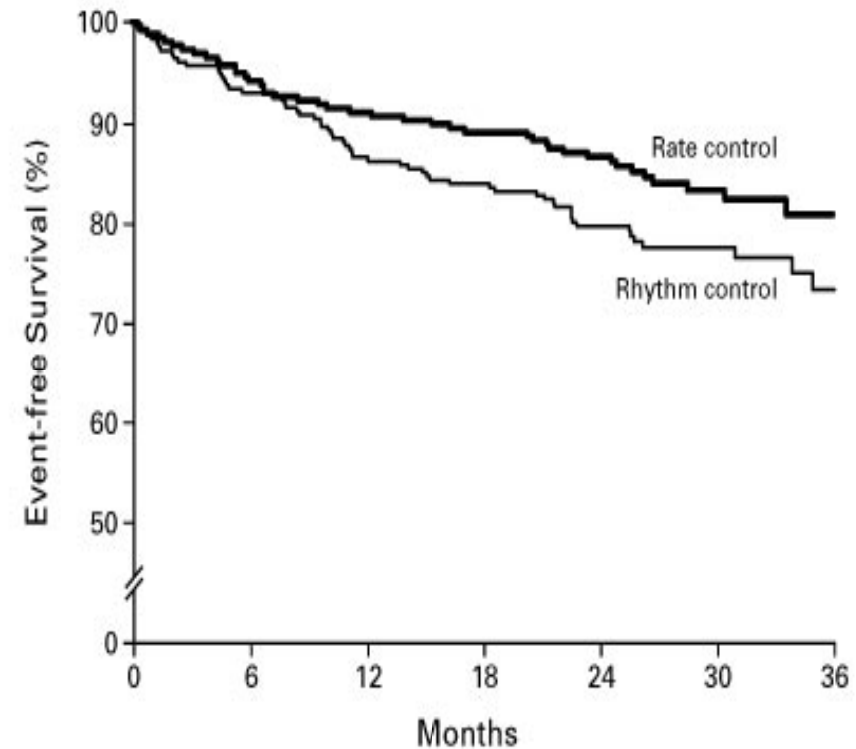
PERSISTENT AF

PERMANENT AF

Rate Control vs. Rhythm Control



AFFIRM Investigators, NEJM 2002



Van Gelder, et al. NEJM 2002

Why Talk About Cryptogenic Stroke?

- 678,000 ischemic strokes every year in the US¹
 - Leading cause of disability in the US and worldwide
- ~200,000 cryptogenic strokes yearly¹
- Most cryptogenic stroke patients receive anti-platelet for secondary prevention²
- Long-term monitoring reveals AF in ~30% of cryptogenic stroke patients³⁻⁹
 - These patients benefit from anticoagulant therapy

¹ Mozzafarian D, et al. *Circulation*. 2015;131:e29-e322.

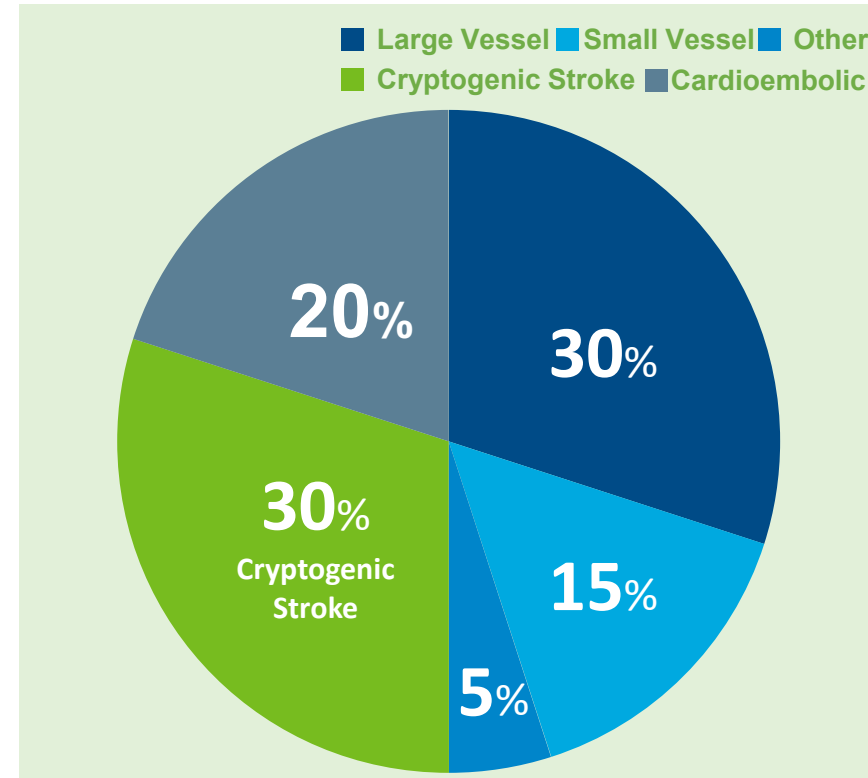
² Kernan WN, et al. *Stroke*. 2014;45:2160-2236.

³ Sacco RL, et al. *Ann Neurol*. 1989;25:382-390.

⁴ Petty GW, et al. *Stroke*. 1999;30:2513-2516.

⁵ Kolominsky-Rabas PL, et al. *Stroke*. 2001;32:2735-2740.

Ischemic Stroke



⁶ Schulz UG, et al. *Stroke*. 2003;34:2050-2059.

⁷ Schneider AT, et al. *Stroke*. 2004;35:1552-1556.

⁸ Lee BI, et al. *Cerebrovasc Dis*. 2001;12:145-151.

⁹ Sanna T, et al. *N Engl J Med*. 2014;370:2478-2486.

Diagnosis Strategies



Holter Monitor



Event Recorder



Mobile Cardiac Telemetry

24-48 hours of monitoring

Up to 30 days of monitoring

Up to 30 days of monitoring

External loop recorder

Event-triggered loop recorder

Ambulatory event monitor

Saves all cardiac rhythm data

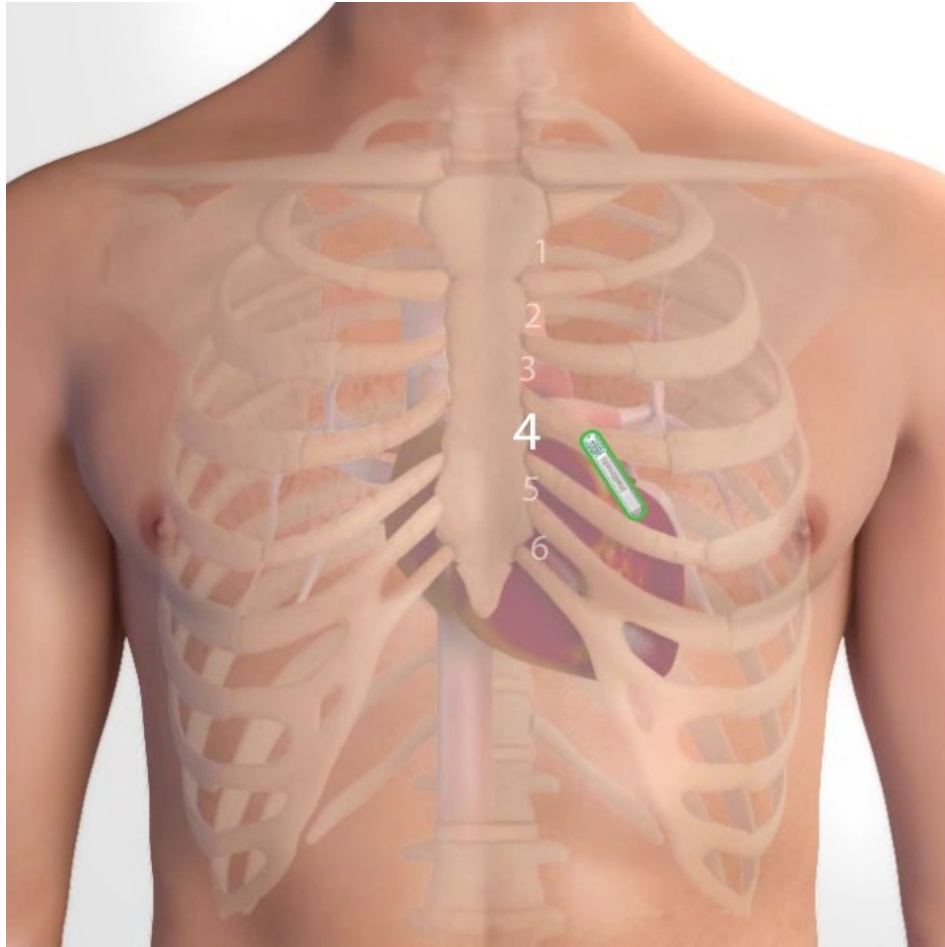
Saves events only

Saves all cardiac rhythm data

Dependent on type of MCT.

1. Vasamreddy CR, et al. *J Cardiovasc Electrophysiol.* 2006;17:134-139;
2. Gladstone DJ, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2014;370:2467-2477;
3. Rosenberg MA, et al. *Pacing Clin Electrophysiol.* 2013;36:328-333;
4. Kamel H, et al. *Stroke.* 2013;44:528-530.
5. Shinbane JS, et al. Heart Rhythm Society 2013 34th Annual Scientific Sessions, Volume 10, Issue 5S, 2013.

Reveal LINQ™ SYSTEM



Best location:
45 degrees to
sternum over 4th
intercostal space,
2 cm from left
edge of sternum

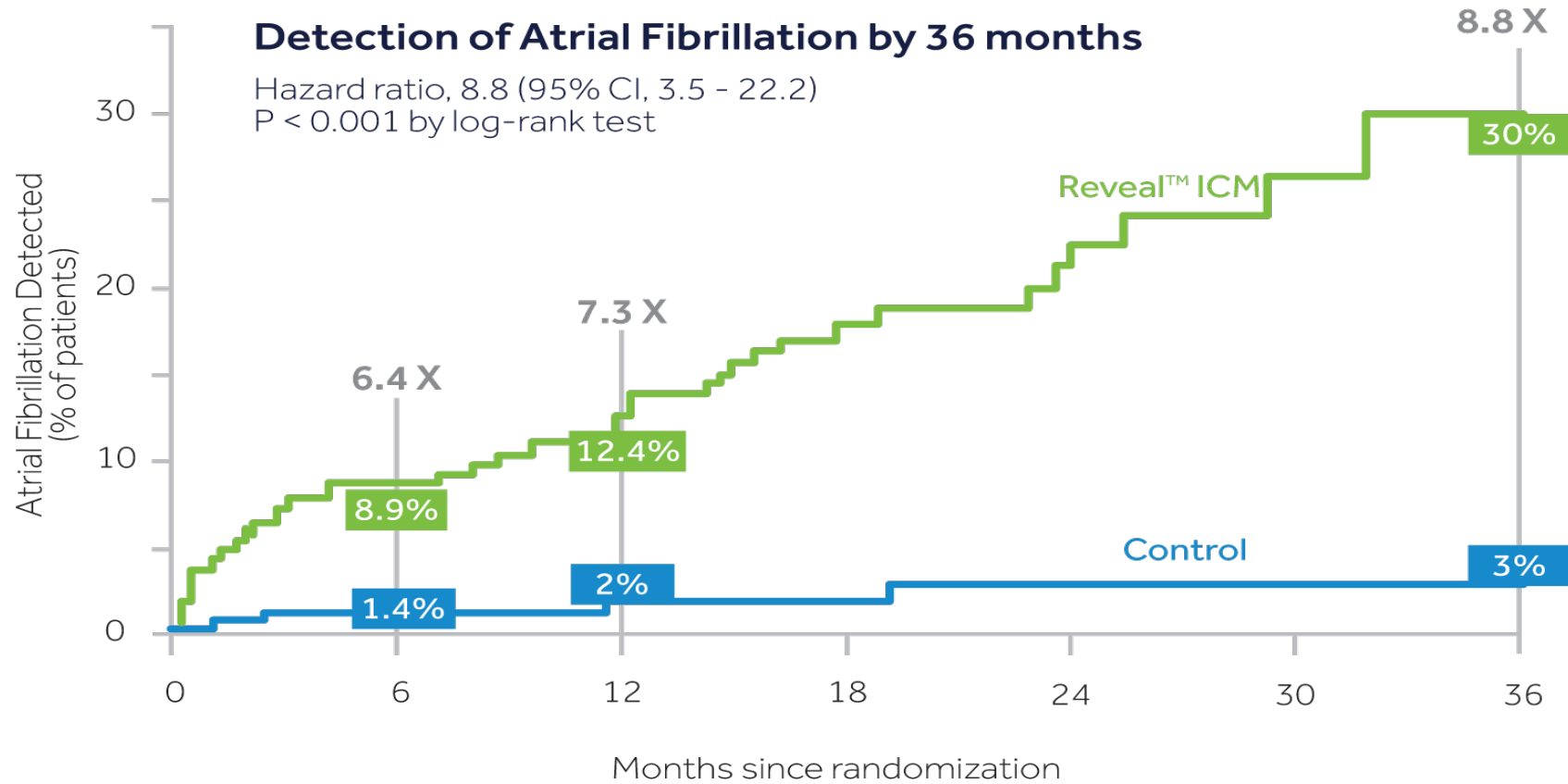
97%
of physicians
found the insertion
tool simple and
intuitive.¹

Requires minimal
procedure time and
clinical resources



Reveal LINQ Usability Study. Medtronic data on file. 2013.
Burke MC et al. J Electrocardiology 2003

CRYSTAL AF: monitoring with ICM superior to SOC



# at risk	0	6	12	18	24	30	36
Control	220	194	167	114	72	36	7
ICM	221	191	173	102	57	29	8

1. Sanna T, et al. *N Engl J Med.* 2014;370:2478-2486.

CHADS2-Vasc Score

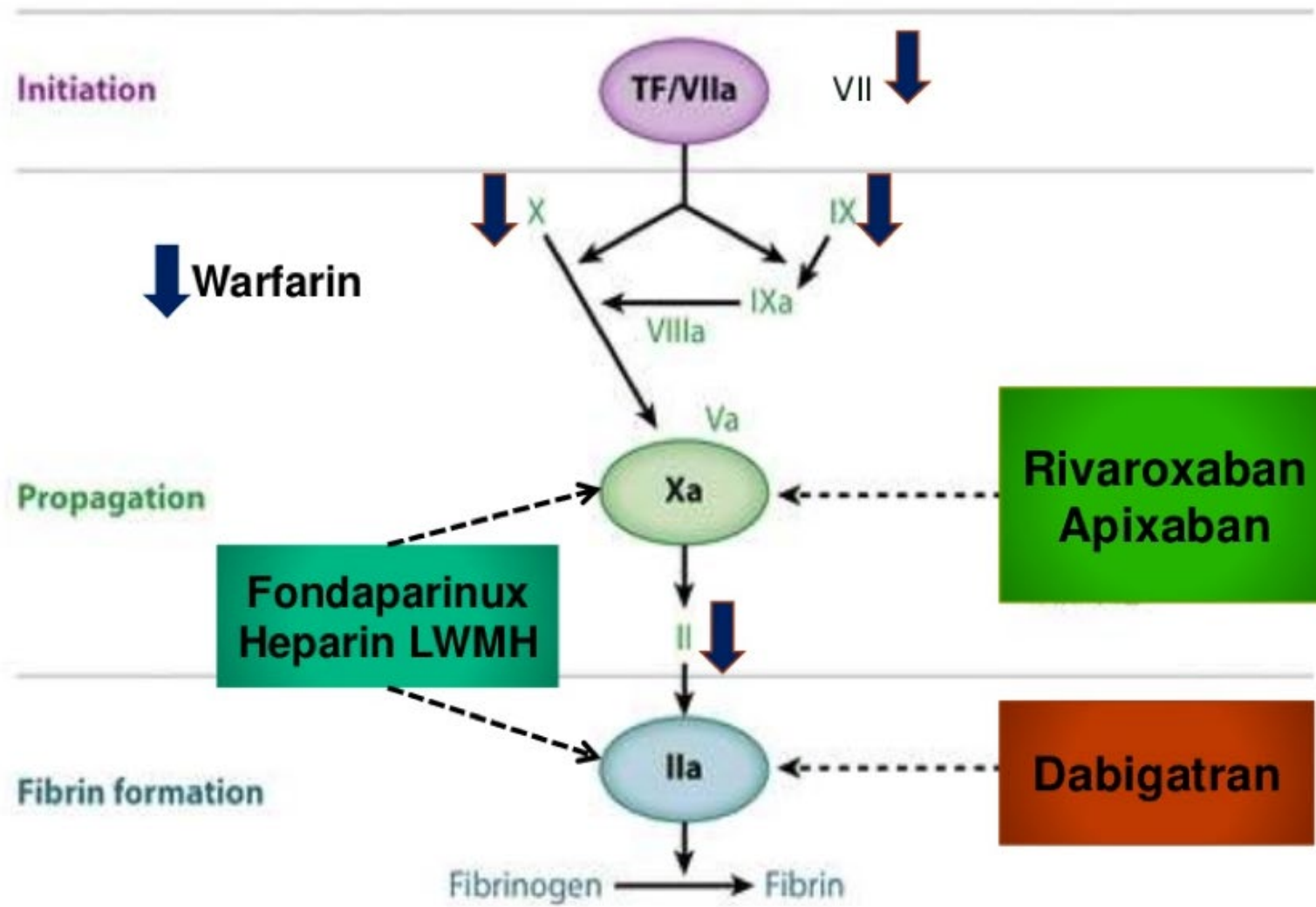
- CHADS2VASC increases the number of patients who meet criteria for anticoagulation therapy and more accurately identifies truly low risk patients
- More people who were considered low risk before (ie females, age 65-74, vascular dx) are moved to the higher risk categories to better reflect risk of embolization.

TABLE 6

Comparison of the CHADS₂ and CHA₂DS₂-VASc Risk Stratification Scores for Subjects With Nonvalvular AF

Definition and Scores for CHADS ₂ and CHA ₂ DS ₂ -VASc	Stroke Risk Stratification With the CHADS ₂ and CHA ₂ DS ₂ -VASc Scores		
	Score		Adjusted Stroke Rate (% per y)
CHADS ₂		CHADS ₂ *	
Congestive HF	1	0	1.9
Hypertension	1	1	2.8
Age ≥75 y	1	2	4.0
Diabetes mellitus	1	3	5.9
Stroke/TIA/TE	2	4	8.5
Maximum score	6	5	12.5
		6	18.2
CHA ₂ DS ₂ -VASc		CHA ₂ DS ₂ -VASc†	
Congestive HF	1	0	0
Hypertension	1	1	1.3
Age ≥75 y	2	2	2.2
Diabetes mellitus	1	3	3.2
Stroke/TIA/TE	2	4	4.0
Vascular disease (prior MI, PAD, or aortic plaque)	1	5	6.7
Age 65–74 y	1	6	9.8
Sex category (i.e., female sex)	1	7	9.6
Maximum score	9	8	6.7
		9	15.20

Anticoagulant Mechanisms of Action



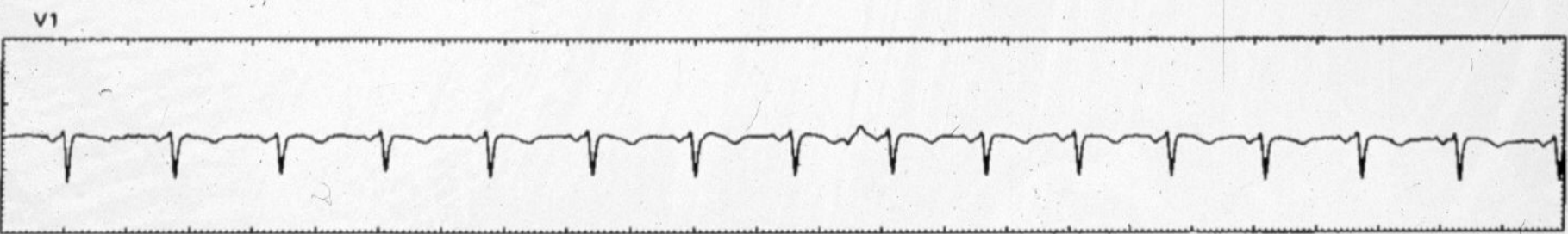
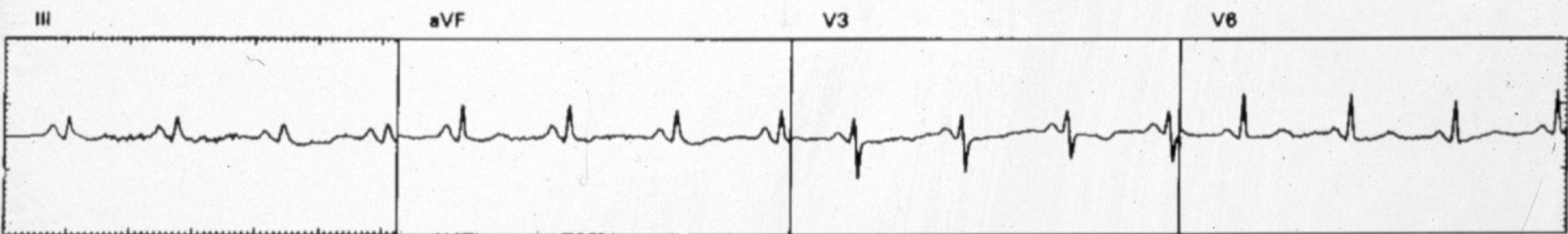
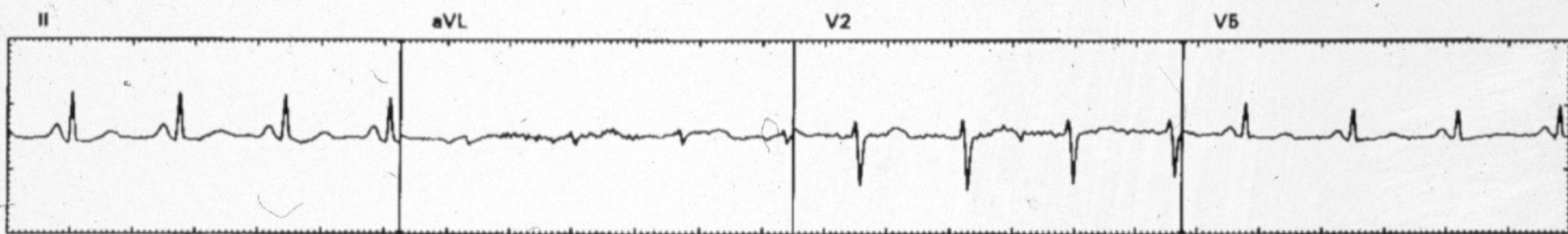
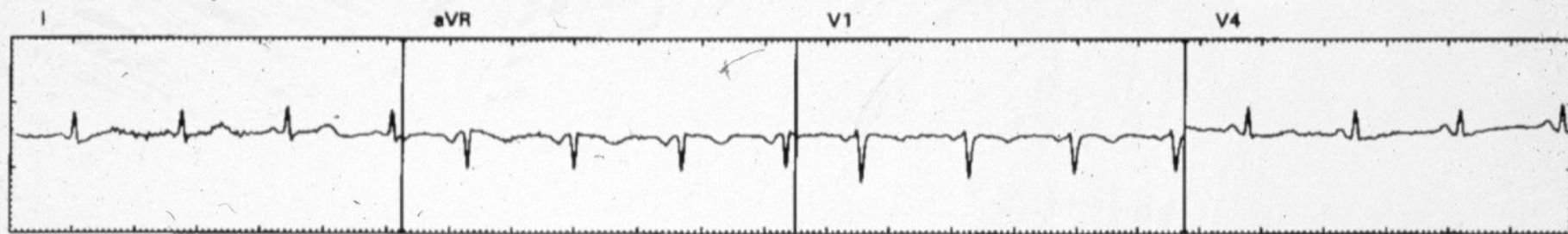
Adapted from Eriksson, *Ann Rev Med* 62:41, 2011

HAS-BLED

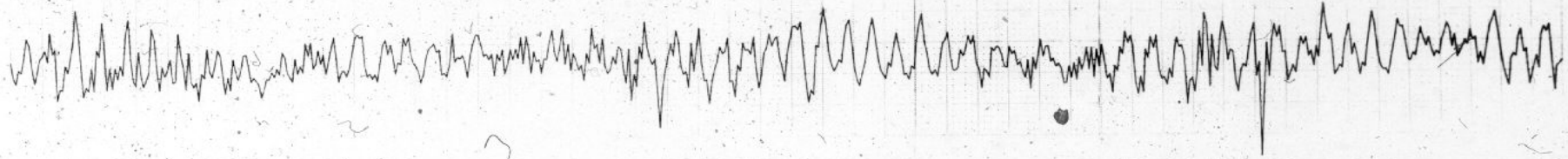
Letter	Clinical Characteristic	Points
H	Hypertension	1
A	Abnormal Liver or Renal Function	1 or 2
S	Stroke	1
B	Bleeding	1
L	Labile INR	1
E	Elderly (age > 65)	1
D	Drugs or Alcohol	1 or 2
Maximum Score		9

Bleeding Risk

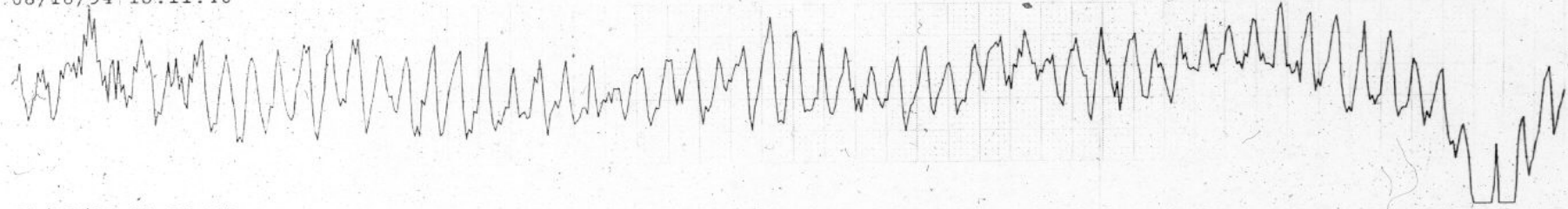
- Annual rate of major bleeding range between 2.1% to 3.6%
- Fatal bleeding occurs in up to 0.5%
- Major bleeding is associated with higher mortality
 - ♠ 30-day mortality after major bleeding episode
13% with warfarin and 9% with dabigatran



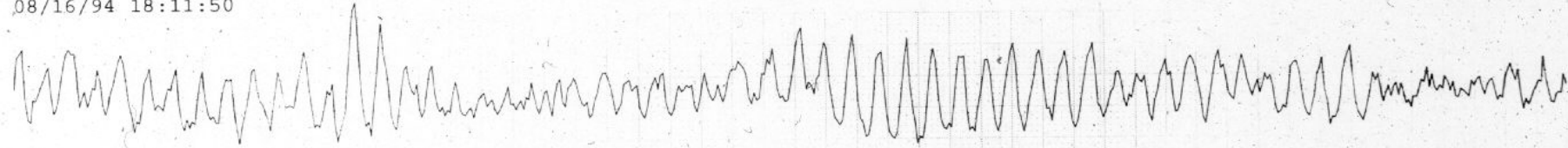
08/16/94 18:11:30



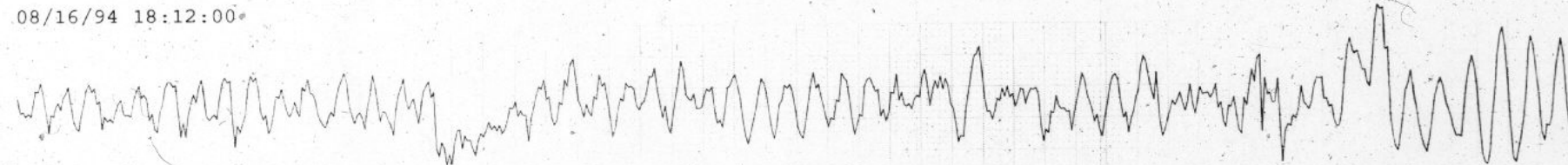
08/16/94 18:11:40



08/16/94 18:11:50

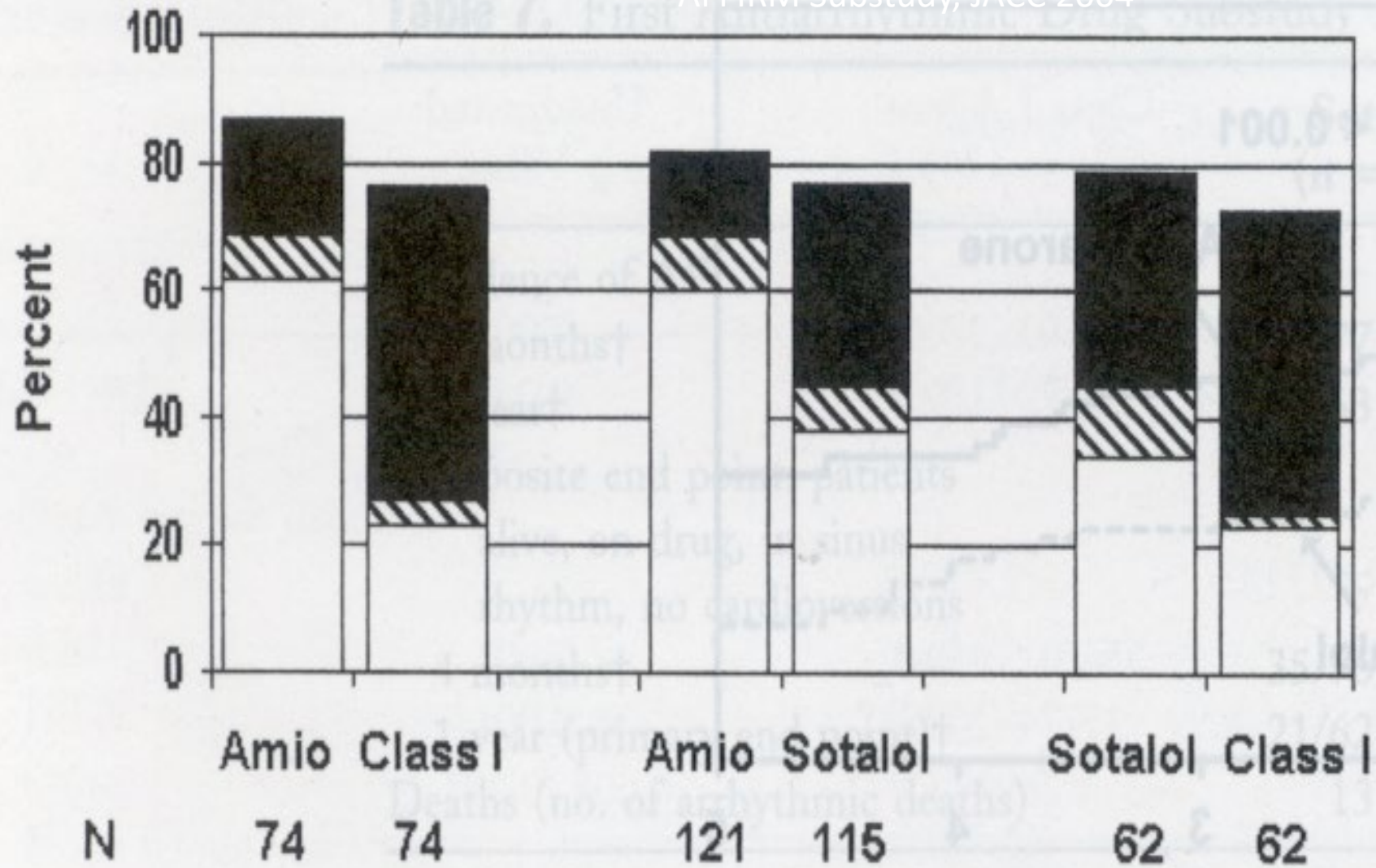


08/16/94 18:12:00



08/16/94 18:12:10





Managing Atrial Fibrillation: Diagnosis, Ablation and LAA Occlusion

Martin C. Burke D.O, FACOI

**Chief Scientific Officer
CorVita Science Foundation**

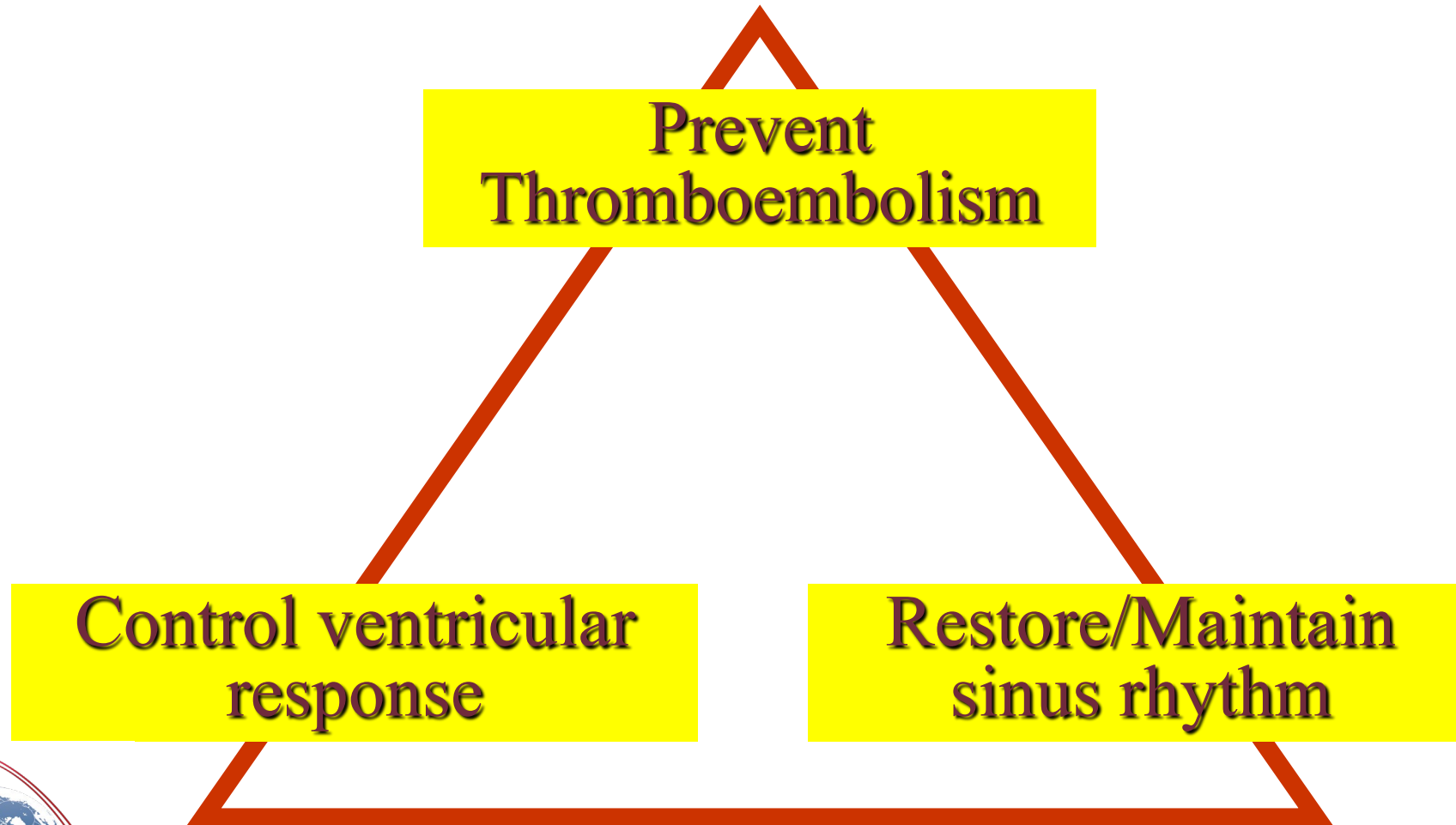


Disclosures

- Educational and clinical research grants
 - Astra Zeneca
 - Biosense Webster
 - Medtronic
 - Boston Scientific
 - Abbott
 - Pfizer

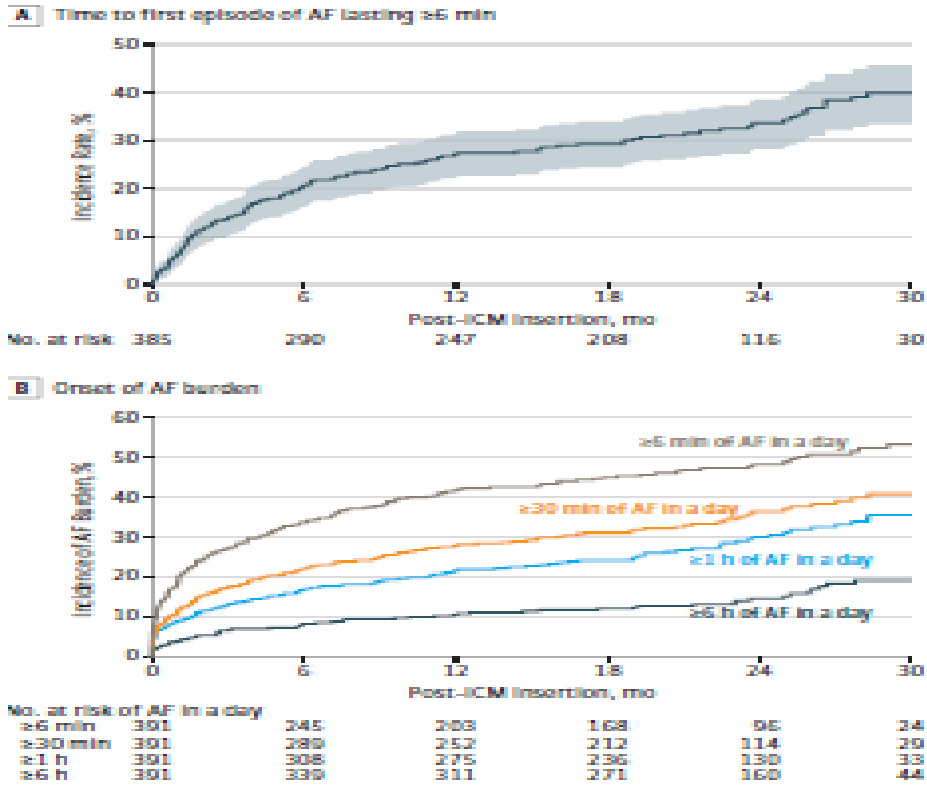


Therapy for AF



Incidence of Previously Undiagnosed Atrial Fibrillation Using Insertable Cardiac Monitors in a High-Risk Population The REVEAL AF Study

James A. Reiffel, MD, Atul Verma, MD, Peter R. Kowey, MD, Jonathan L. Halperin, MD, Bernard J. Gersh, MD, ChB, DPhil, Rolf Wächter, MD, Erika Poullet, MS, Paul D. Ziegler, MS, for the REVEAL AF Investigators



Predicting Determinants of Atrial Fibrillation or Flutter for Therapy Elucidation in Patients at Risk for Thromboembolic Events (PREDATE AF) Study



Javed M. Nasir, MD,^{*,†} William Pomeroy, MD,[†] Adam Marler, MD,[†] Matthew Hann, MD,[†] Tina Baykaner, MD, MPH,^{*} Ronald Jones, MD,^{*,†} Richard Stoll, RN,[†] Katherine Hursey, BSN,[†] Angela Meadows, MSN,[†] Jennifer Walker, MSN,[†] Steve Kindsvater, MD^{†*}

From the ^{*}Stanford University, Stanford, California, [†]Keesler Medical Center, Biloxi, Mississippi, and ^{*}Baylor Heart Hospital, Plano, Texas.

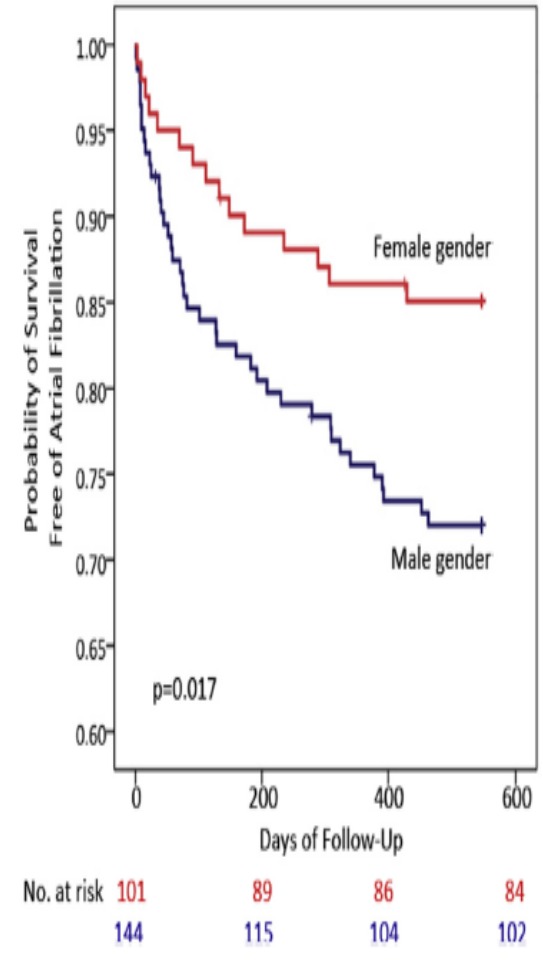
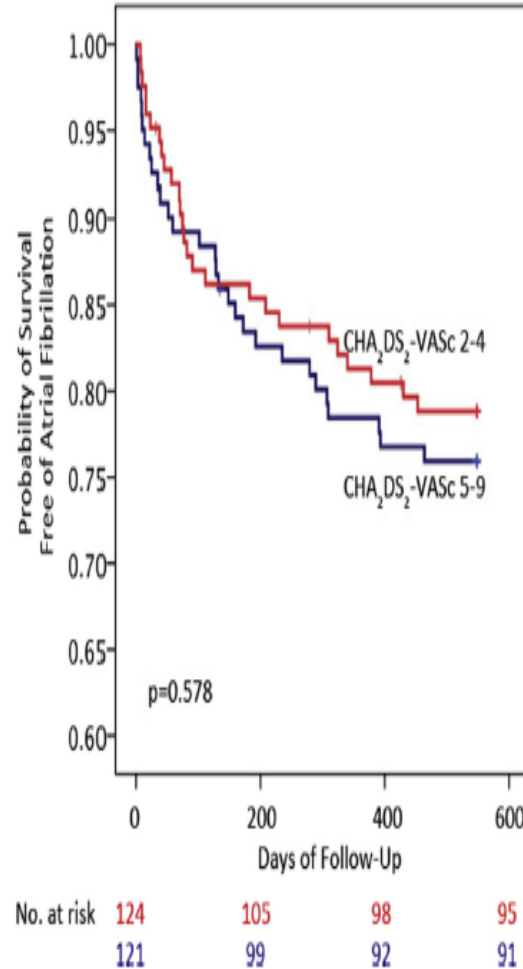
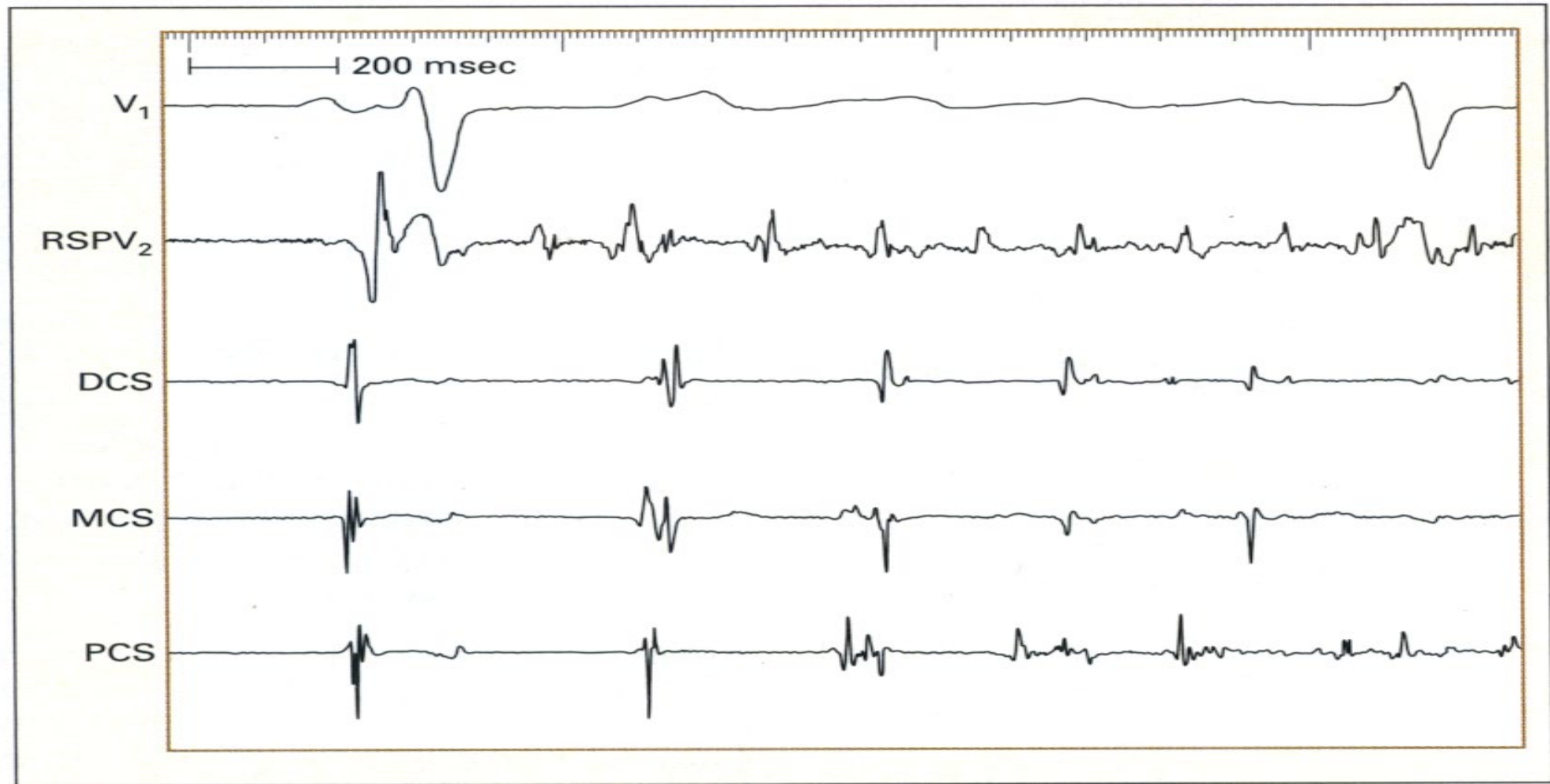


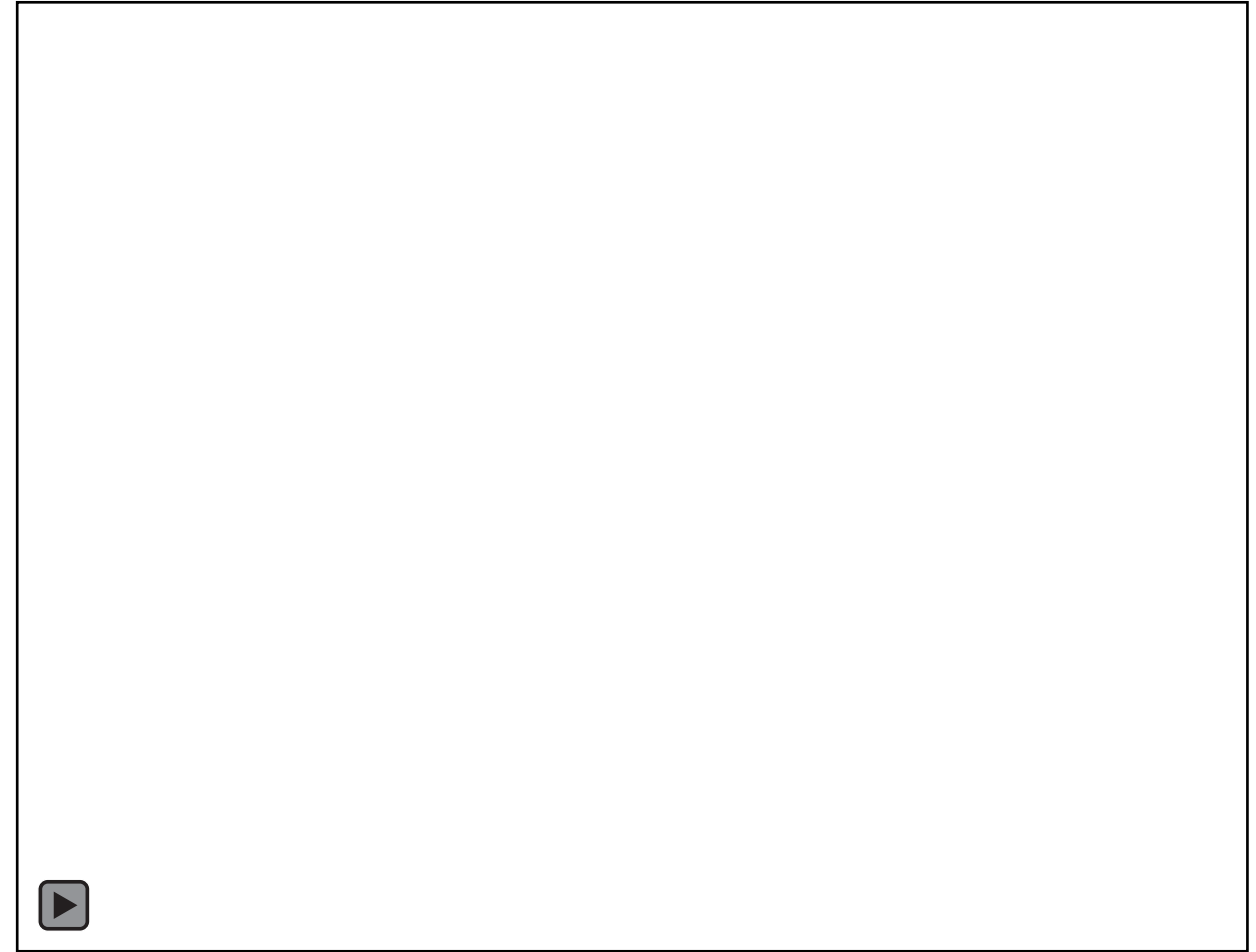
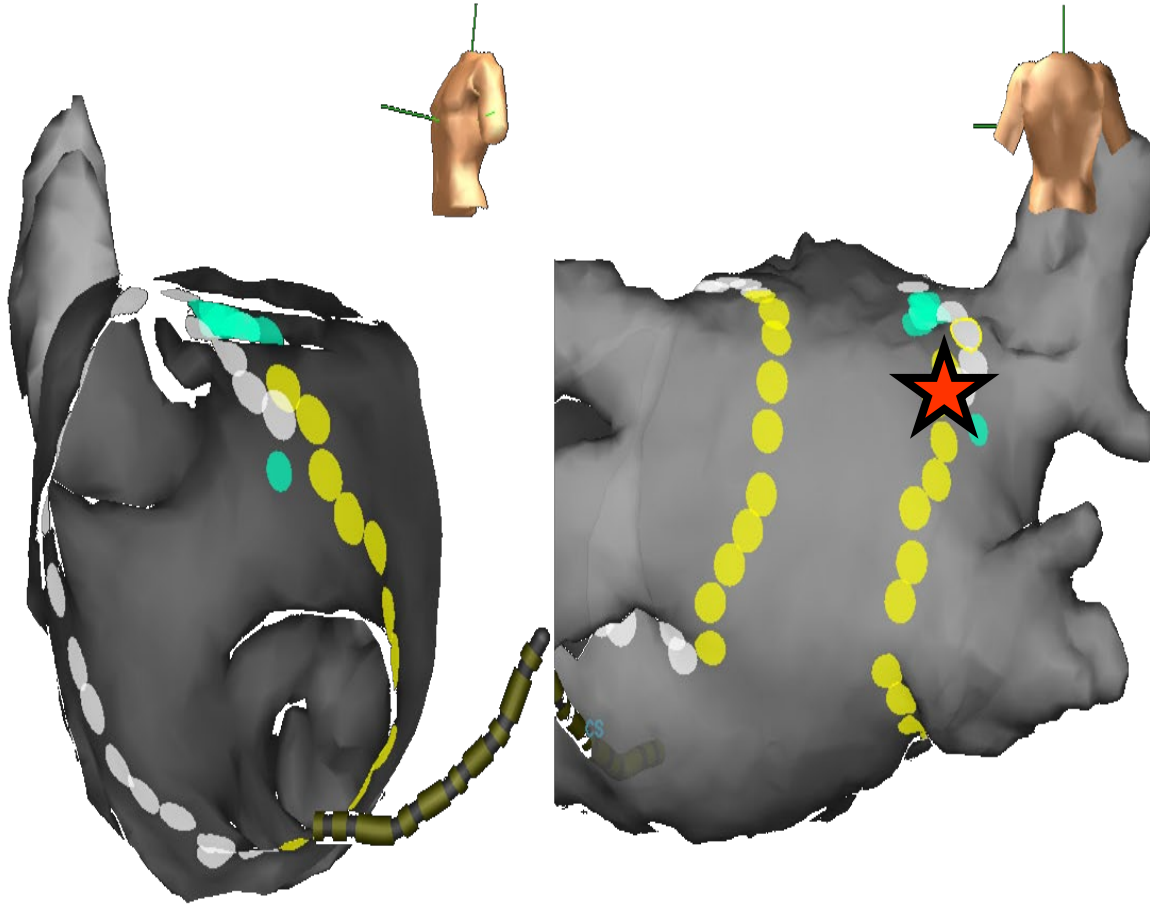
Figure 1. Kaplan-Meier estimates of the probability of survival free of atrial fibrillation.





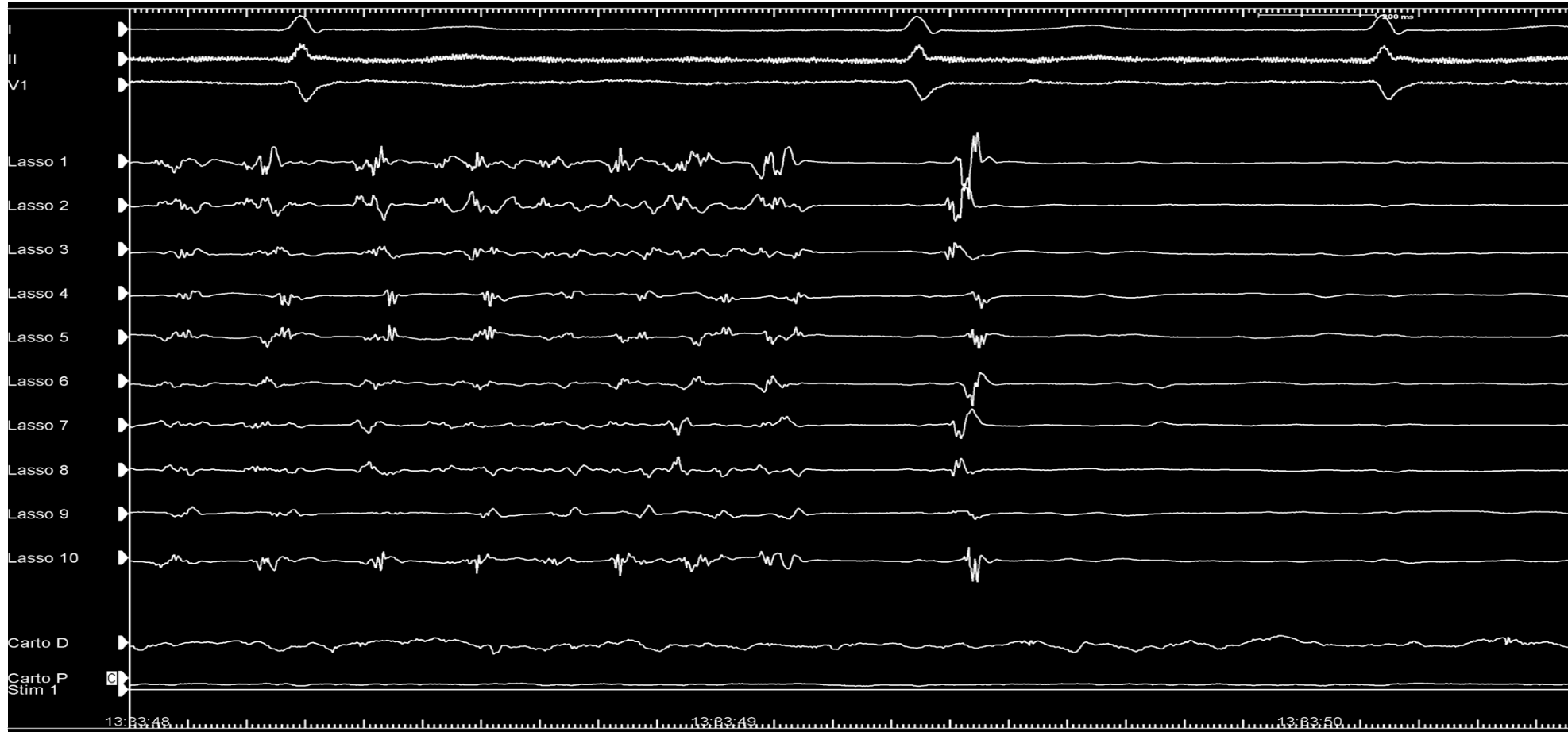
Electrocardiographic and Intracardiac Recordings at the Onset of Atrial Fibrillation.

Pulmonary Vein isolation Strategy

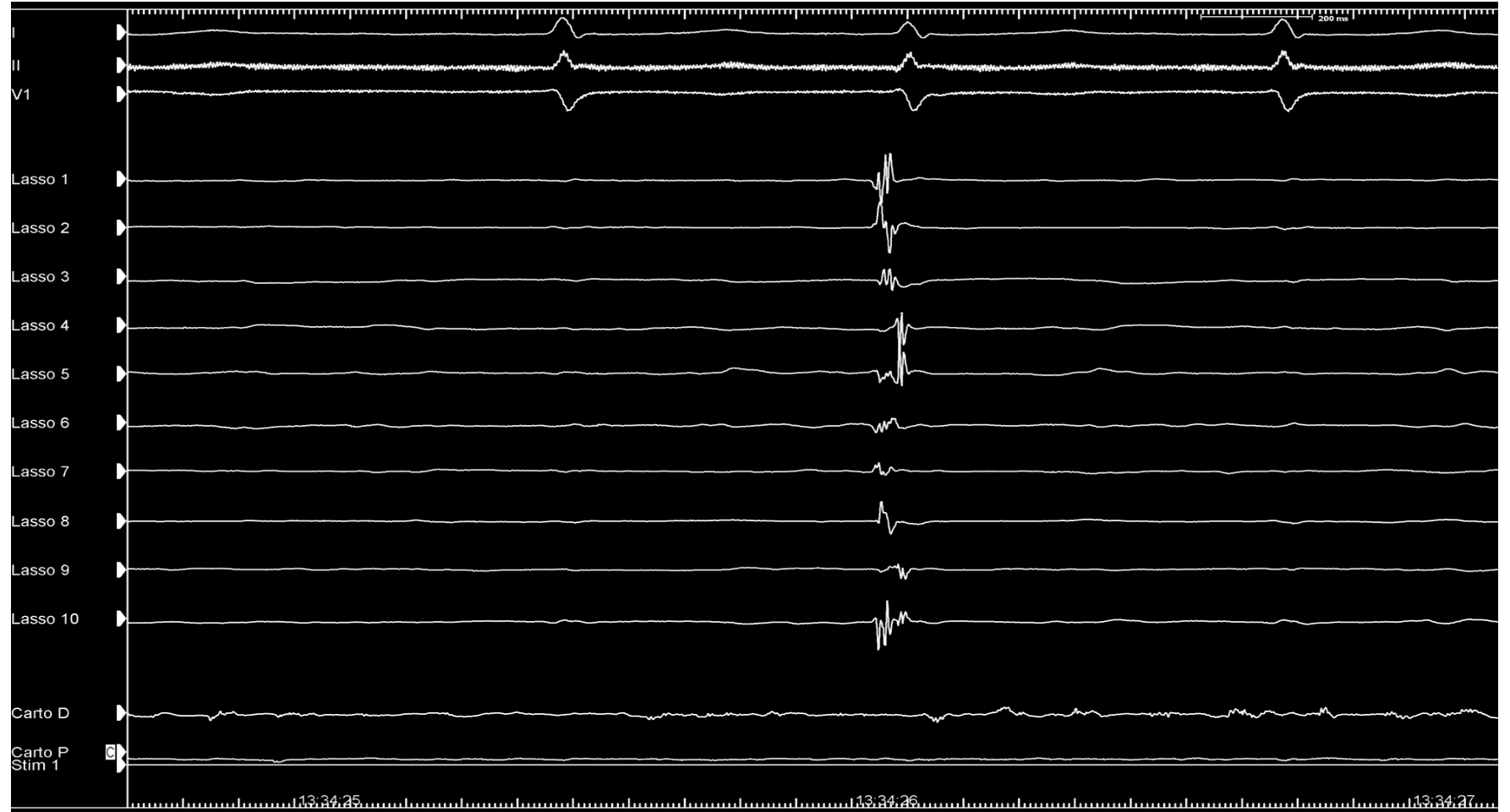


Isolation of RCPV

Atria remain in AF



RSPV dissociated potential initially after isolation



Lots to know... without lots of consensus

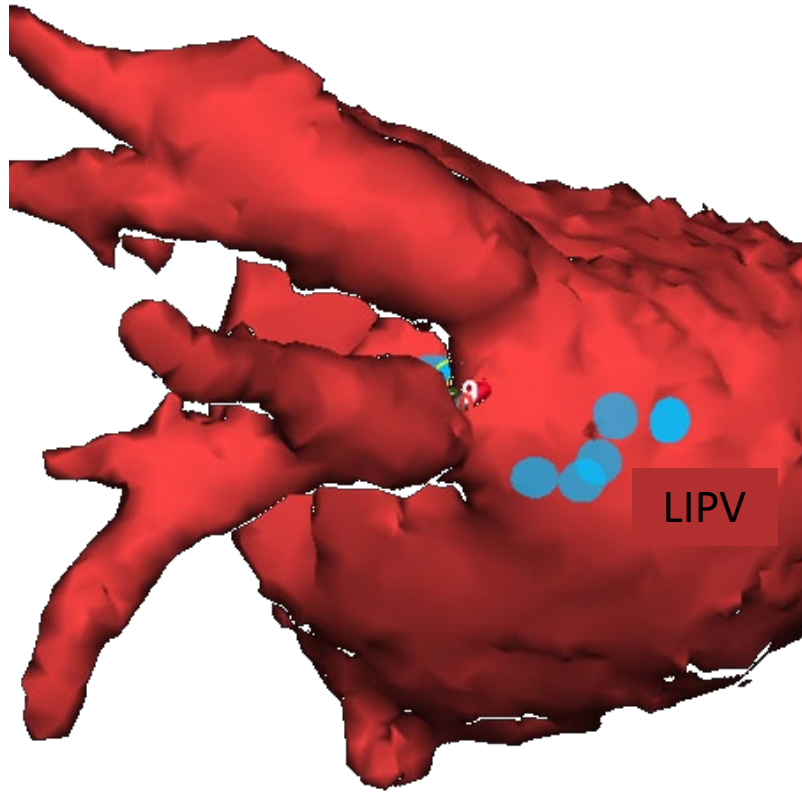
- Strategies
 - Focal
 - Segmental
 - WACA/LACA/WEPV
 - Lines lines lines
 - Non-PV triggers, CFAE, rotors, GPs
- Procedure/Techniques
 - Irrigated v. non-irrigated RF
 - Non-RF energy sources
 - Imaging/mapping
 - Sheaths
 - Anesthesia
 - Peri-procedural anticoagulation
- Endpoints
 - Entrance block
 - Exit block
 - Organization/conversion to SR
 - Inducibility

Pulmonary
veins are the
“cornerstone”

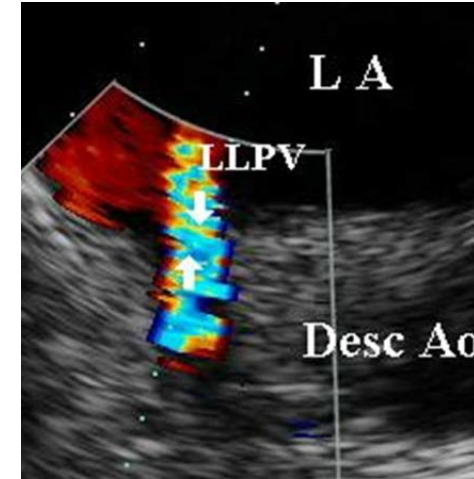
**Avoid
complications!**

“I” is for
isolation

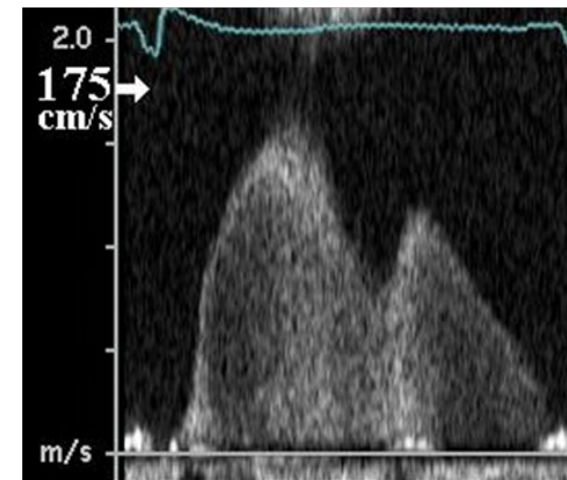
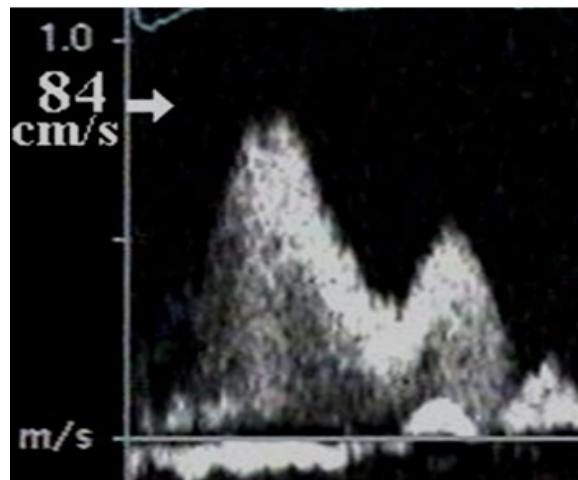
One problem with targeting APDs inside PVs...



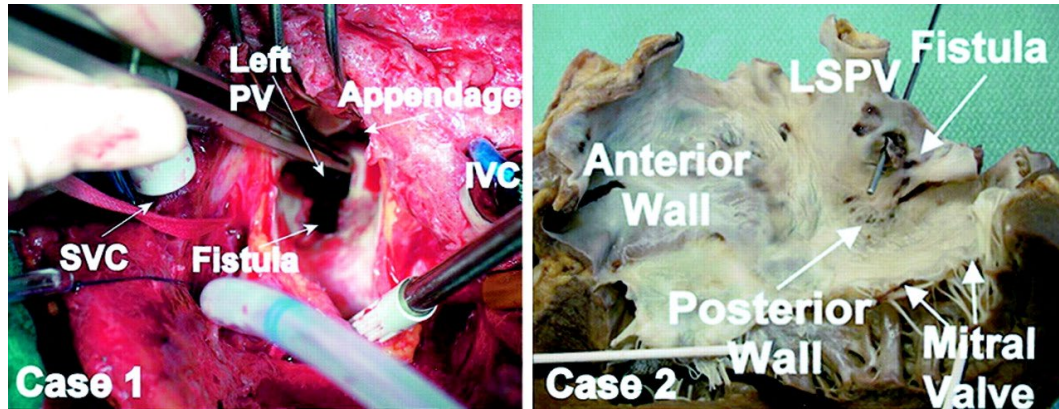
Pre-ablation



Post-ablation

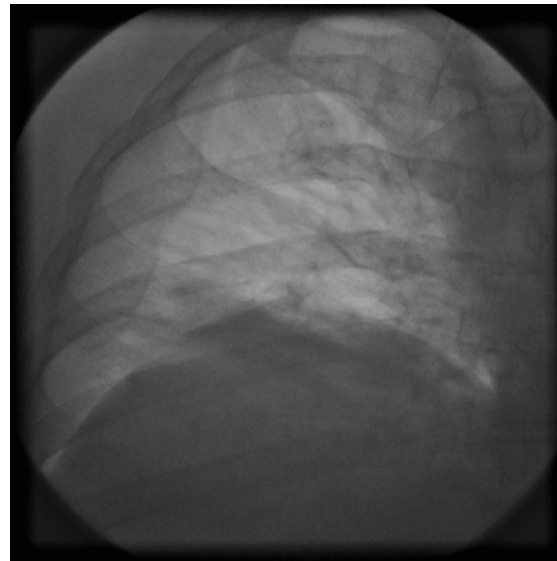
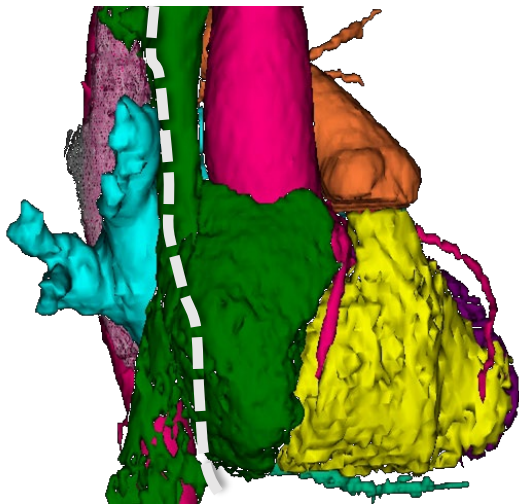


Regardless of technique or endpoint, stay cognizant of universal risks



Pappone C, Oral H et al. *Circulation* 2004; 109: 2724

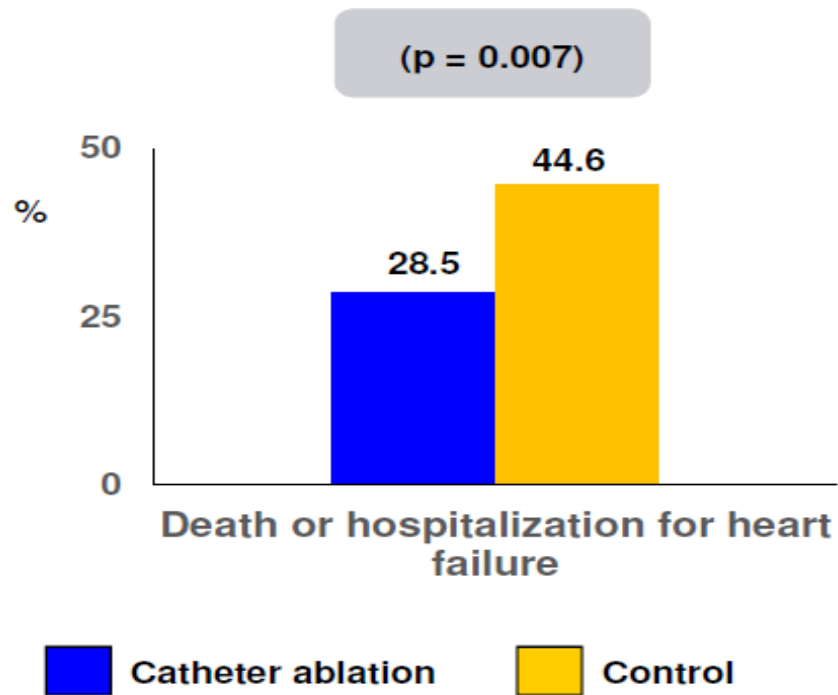
Endocarditis symptoms
2-3d post-op; extensive
septic/air emboli +/-
hematemesis over next
weeks



Courtesy F. Garcia, MD

CASTLE-AF

Trial design: Patients with left ventricular dysfunction and atrial fibrillation were randomized to catheter ablation (n = 179) vs. conventional treatment (n = 184).



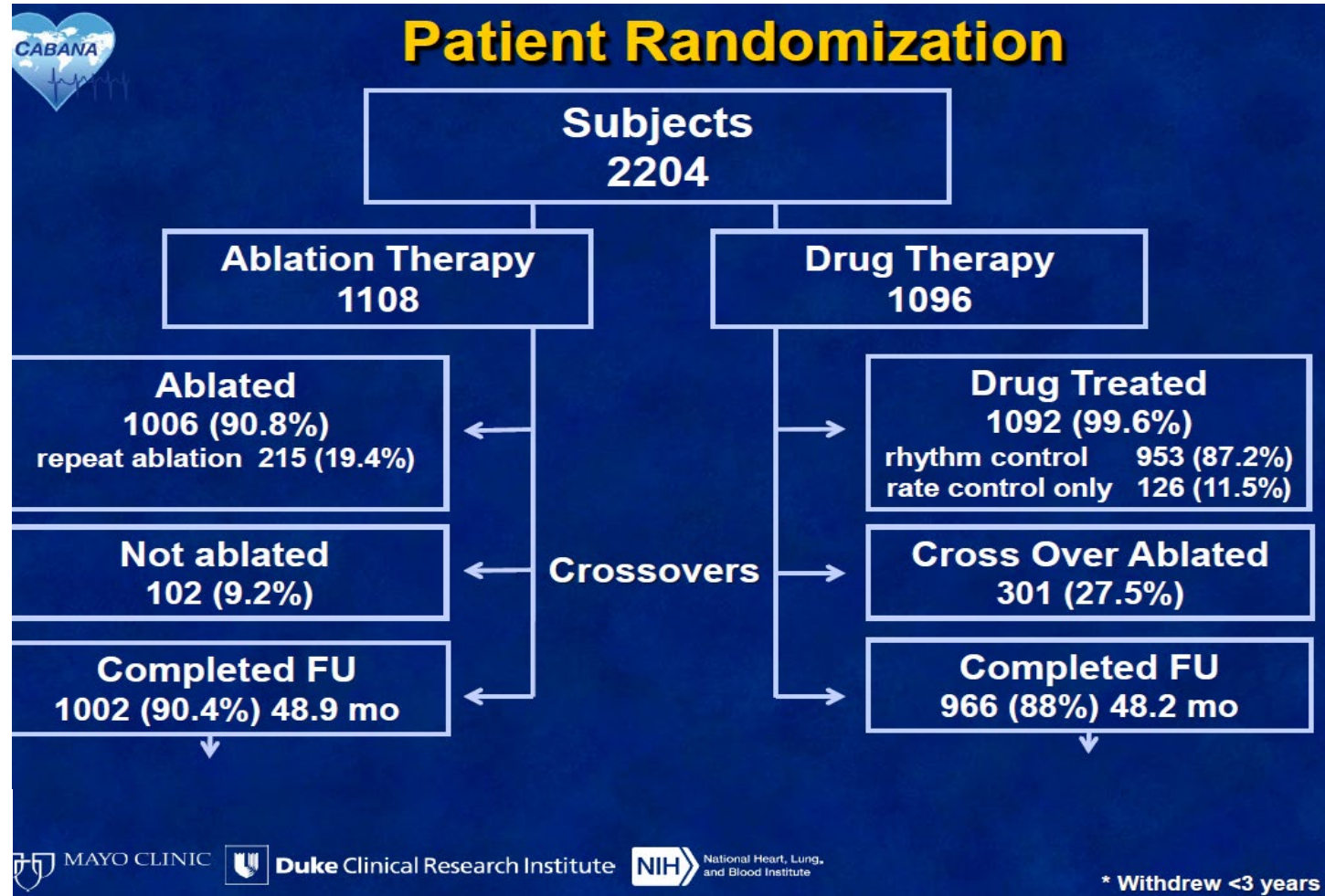
Results

- Death or hospitalization for heart failure: 28.5% of the catheter ablation group vs. 44.6% of the control group (p = 0.007)

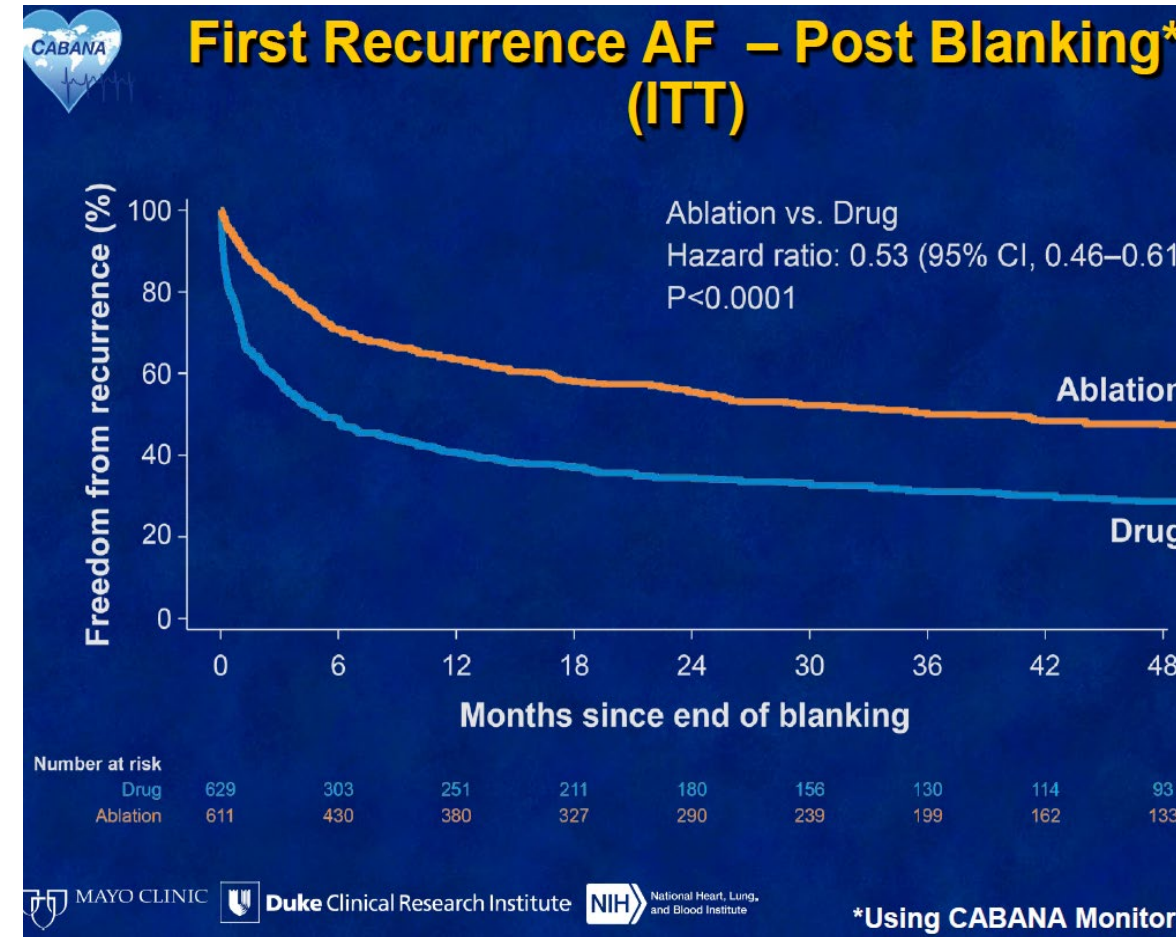
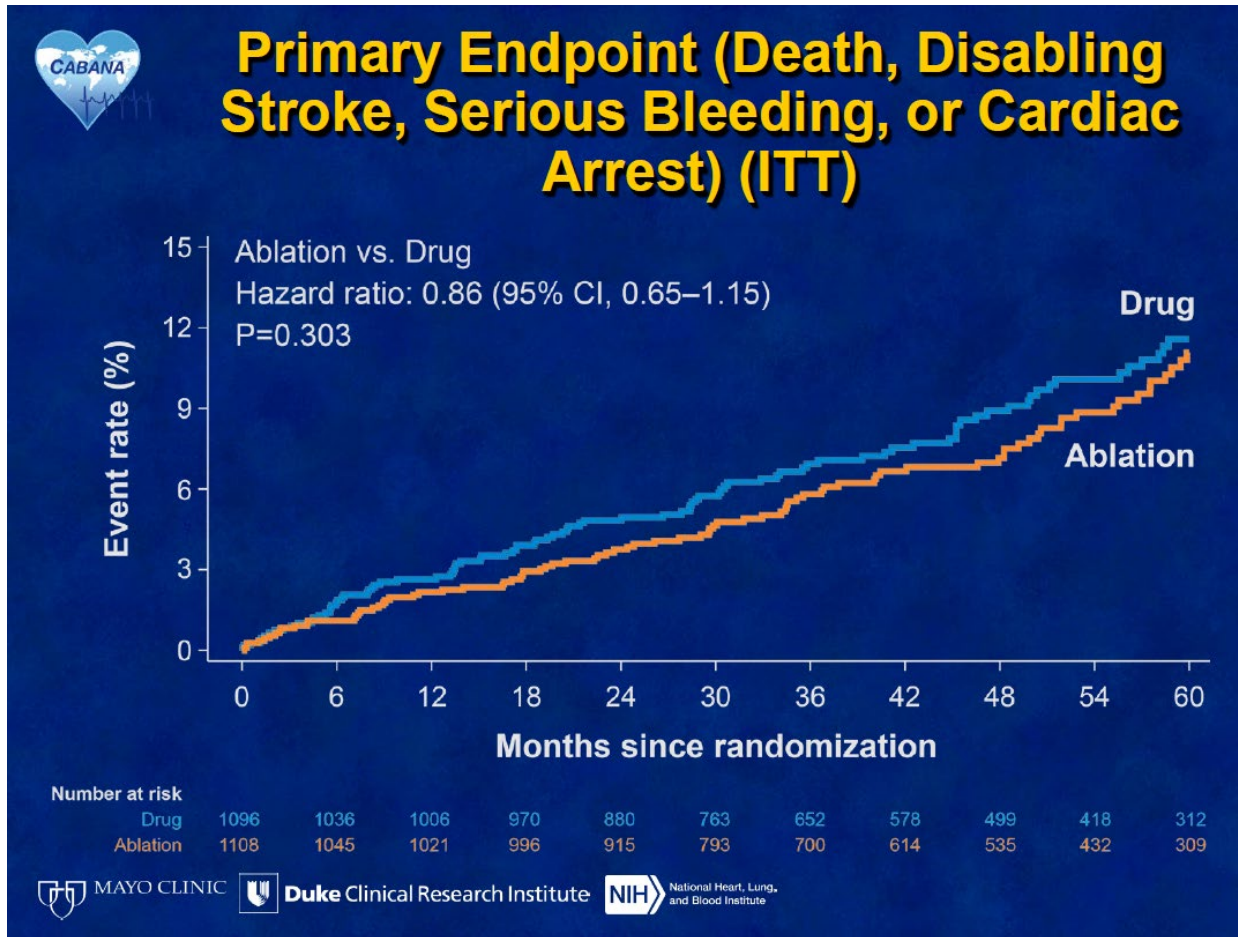
Conclusions

- Among patients with left ventricular dysfunction and atrial fibrillation, catheter ablation was associated with a reduction in deaths or hospitalizations for heart failure

CABANA TRIAL

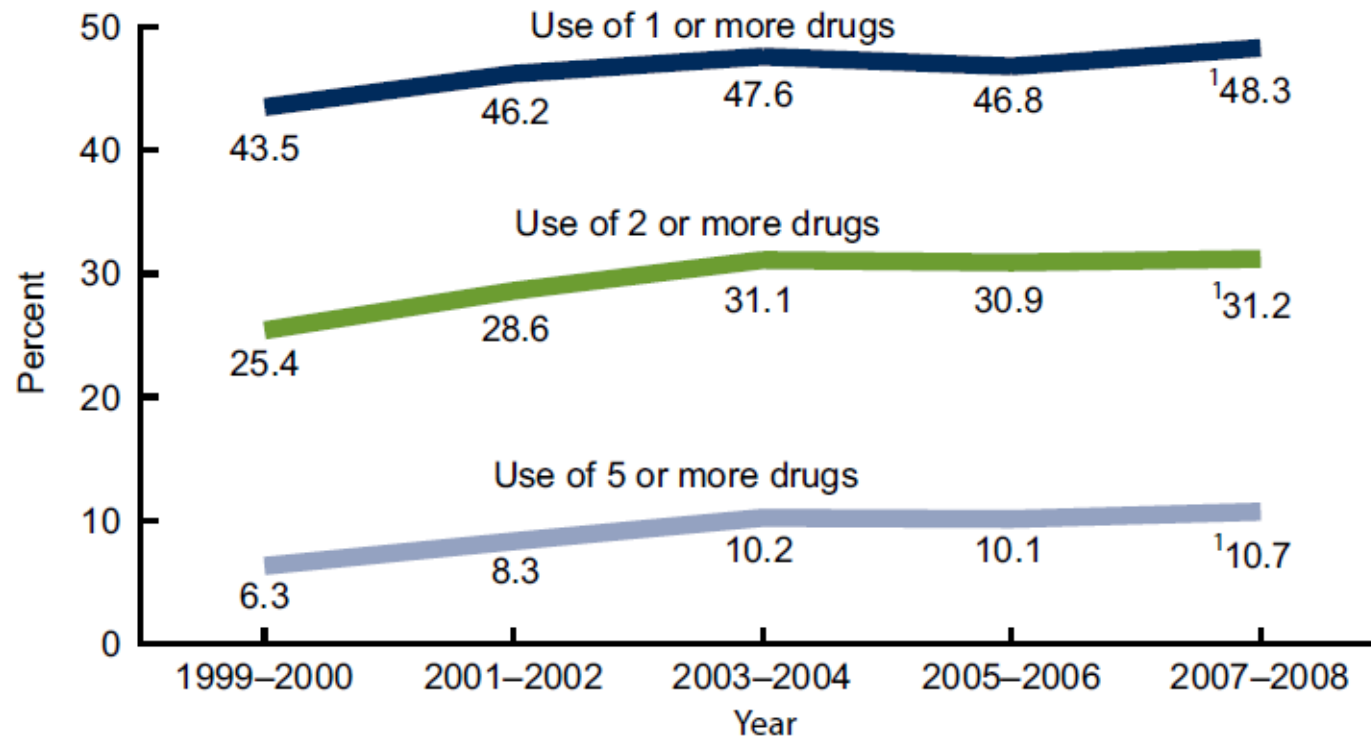


CABANA TRIAL



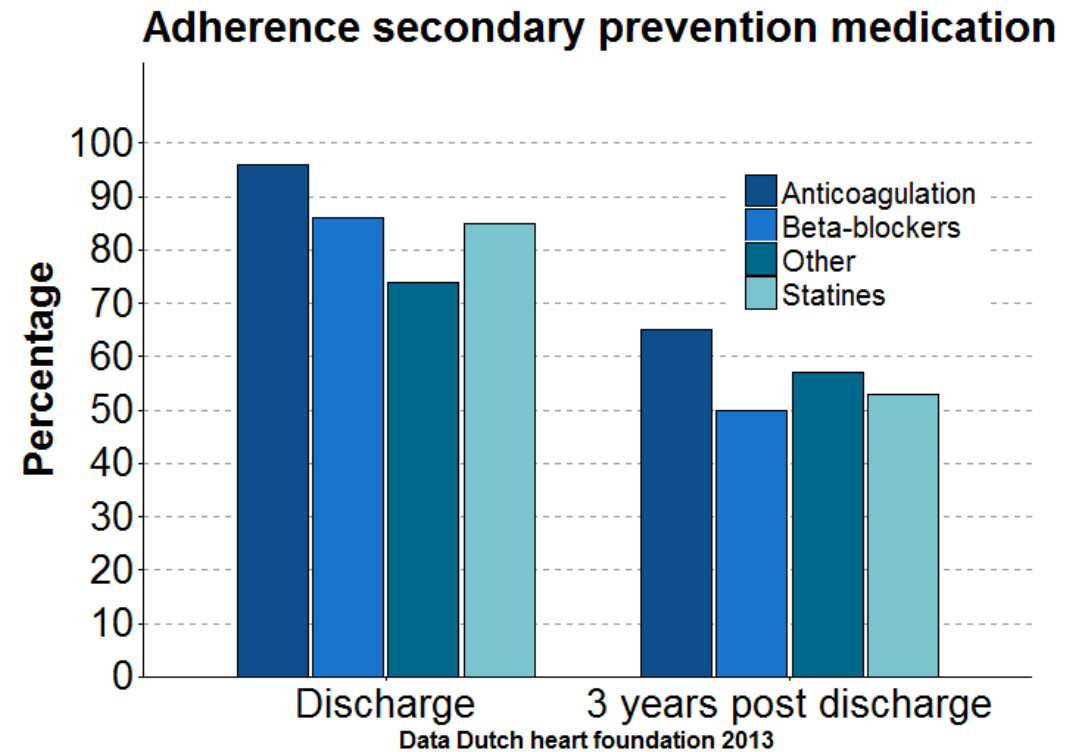
Introduction adherence

- Prescription drug use United States



Introduction adherence

- Cardiovascular drugs improve patient outcomes
- Sufficient adherence >80% time
 - 60% patients adherent¹
 - Non-adherence costs \$300 bill
 - Disease progress
 - Avoidable hospitalizations



1. Chowdhury Eur Heart J 2013

FICO

- Fair Isaac Corporation San Jose California
- 10 billion credit scores per year
- Scores used to gauge creditworthiness: loan down payment behavior

The screenshot shows the myFICO website interface. At the top, the myFICO logo is on the left, and a navigation menu with links for 'HOW CAN WE HELP', 'PRODUCTS', 'CREDIT EDUCATION', 'SAVINGS CENTER', and 'COMMUNITY' is on the right. Below the navigation, there are three circular credit score gauges. Each gauge shows a score in the center, a category below it, and a range from 300 to 850 at the bottom. The first gauge is green and shows a score of 734, labeled 'Very Good'. The second gauge is yellow and shows a score of 720, labeled 'Good'. The third gauge is yellow and shows a score of 724, labeled 'Good'. Below each gauge is a small text label: 'FICO® Score 8 based on Equifax data as of 6/3/2015', 'FICO® Score 8 based on TransUnion data as of 5/31/2015', and 'FICO® Score 8 based on Experian data as of 5/28/2015'. To the right of the gauges, there is a large text block that reads '90% of top lenders use FICO® Scores when making lending decisions'. Below this text is an orange button with a white arrow and the text 'View my FICO Scores now'.

myFICO™

HOW CAN WE HELP | PRODUCTS | CREDIT EDUCATION | SAVINGS CENTER | COMMUNITY

734
Very Good

720
Good

724
Good

300 850

FICO® Score 8 based on Equifax data as of 6/3/2015

FICO® Score 8 based on TransUnion data as of 5/31/2015

FICO® Score 8 based on Experian data as of 5/28/2015

90% of top lenders use FICO® Scores when making lending decisions

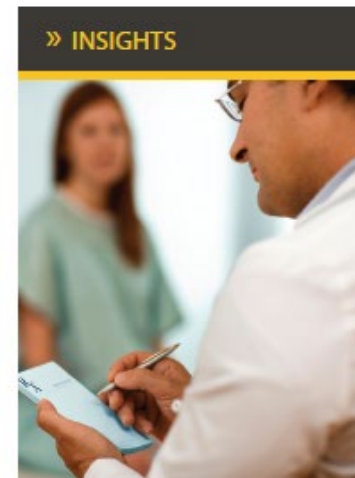
→ View my FICO Scores now



FICO® Score, The Score That Matters®

Medication Adherence Score (MAS)

- Predict adherence behavior:
 - Predictors: financial, socio-economic, employment status, household status variables
 - Outcome: refill behavior (Med-impact)
 - Prediction model build using data of >800.000 patients
- Adoption of score by pharma companies
 - To determine co-payment rates
- No adoption MAS hospitals and physicians
 - Release coincided with Affordable Care Act
 - No scientific evidence to support the score



» INSIGHTS

A Preventative Approach to Medication Nonadherence

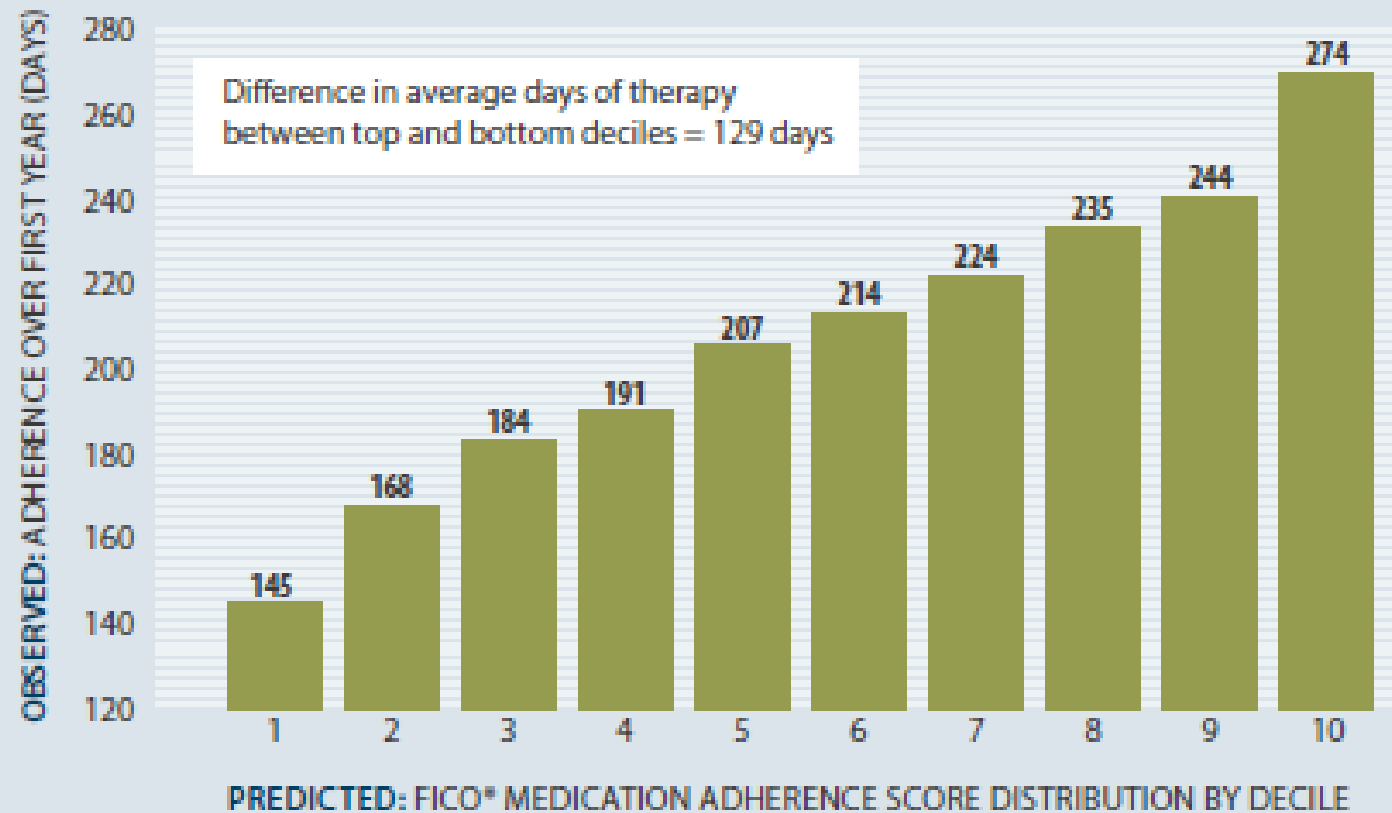
New predictive analytics enable engagement with the right patients *before* they become nonadherent

Number 52—June 2011

FICO

FICO Medication Adherence Score (MAS)

Figure 3: Accurately predicting medication adherence for hypertension

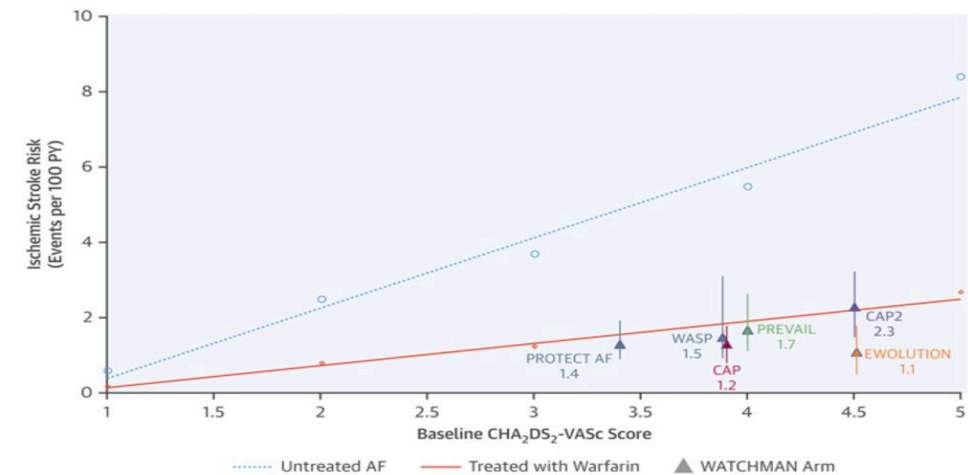
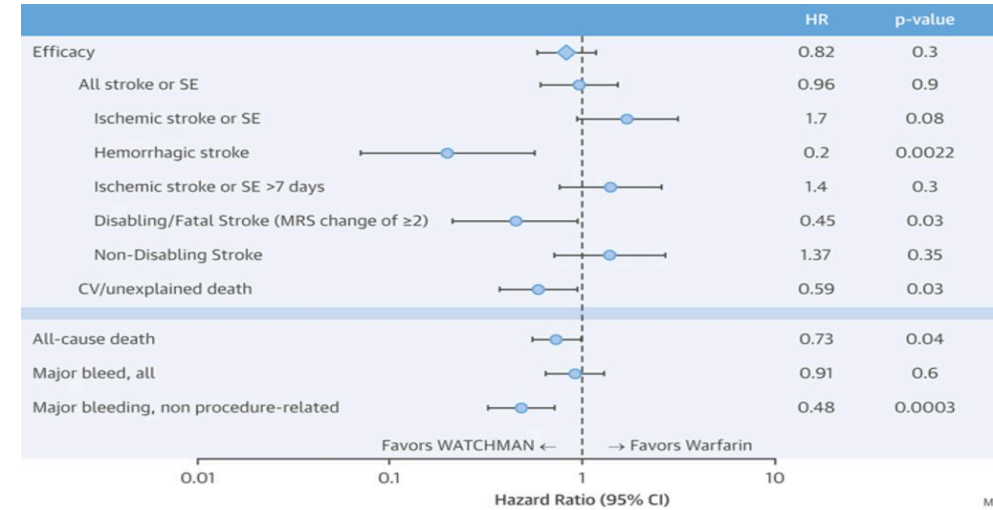
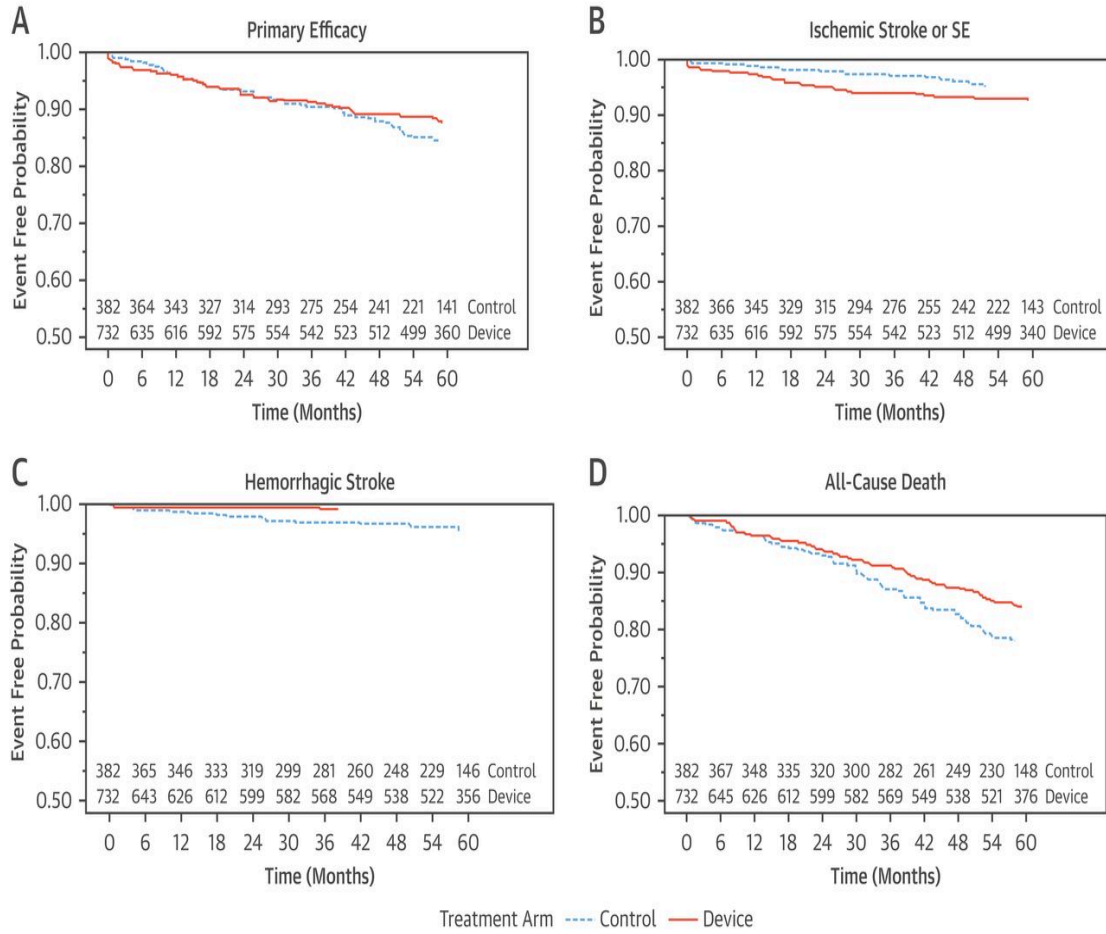


FICO® Medication Adherence Score accurately ranks patients from least to most likely to be adherent over the subsequent year.

Thank You for Your Attention



PREVAIL -5: WATCHMAN META-ANALYSIS

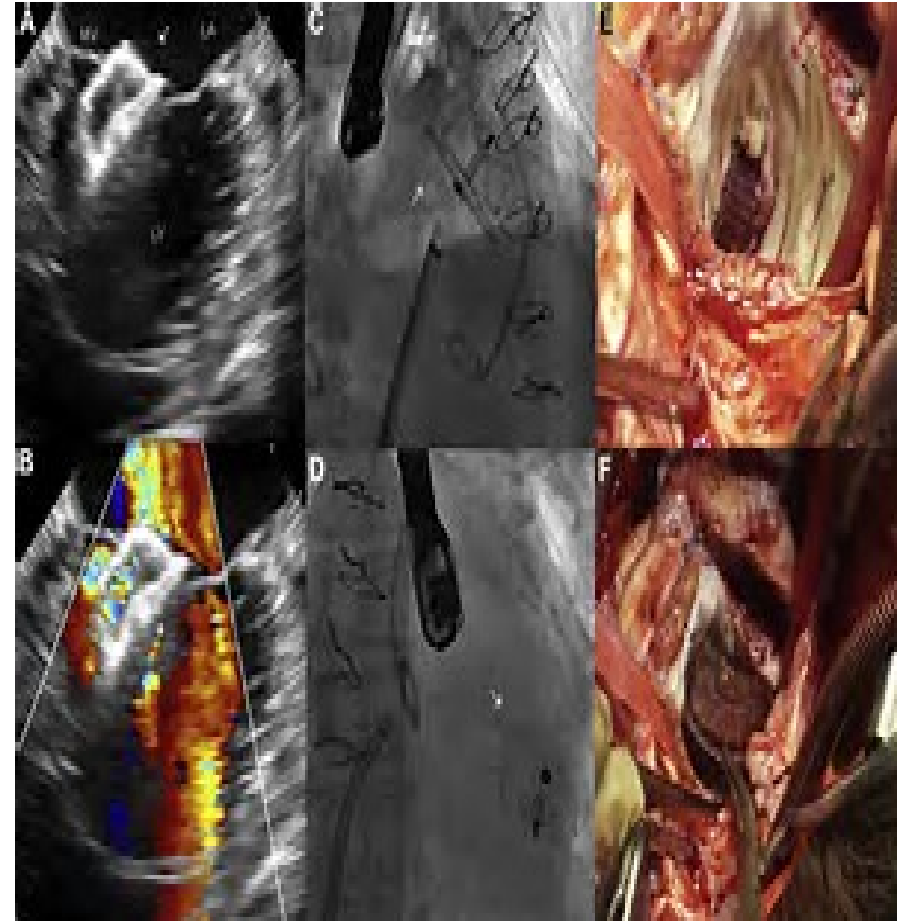
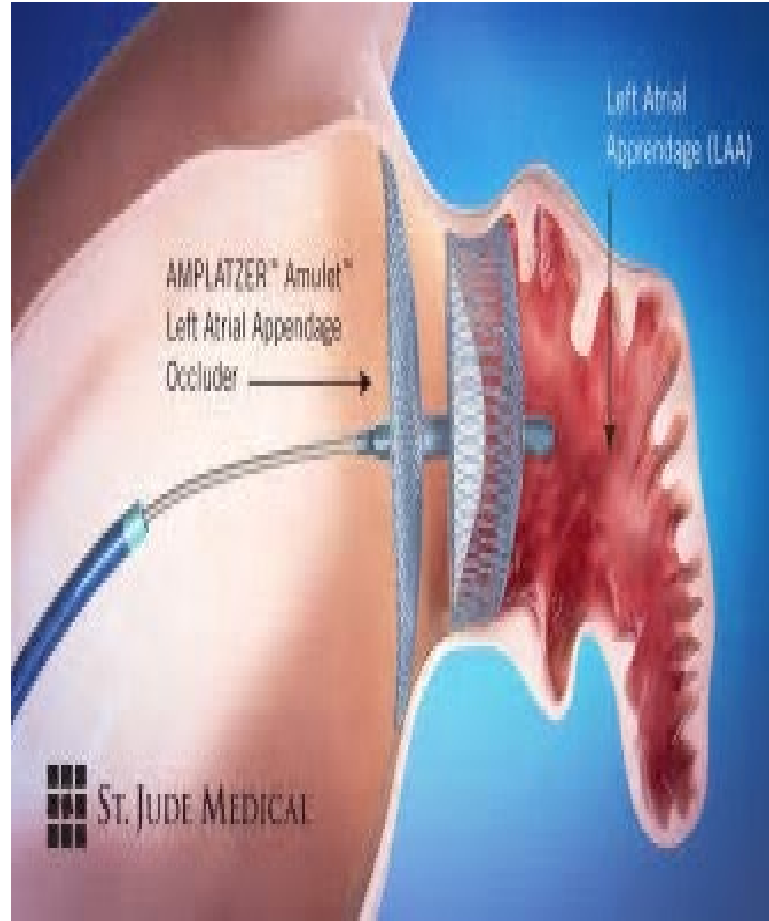


1. Holmes D.R. Jr., et al. (2014) Prospective randomized evaluation of the Watchman Left Atrial Appendage Closure device in patients with atrial fibrillation versus long-term warfarin therapy: the PREVAIL trial. *J Am Coll Cardiol* **64**:1–12.

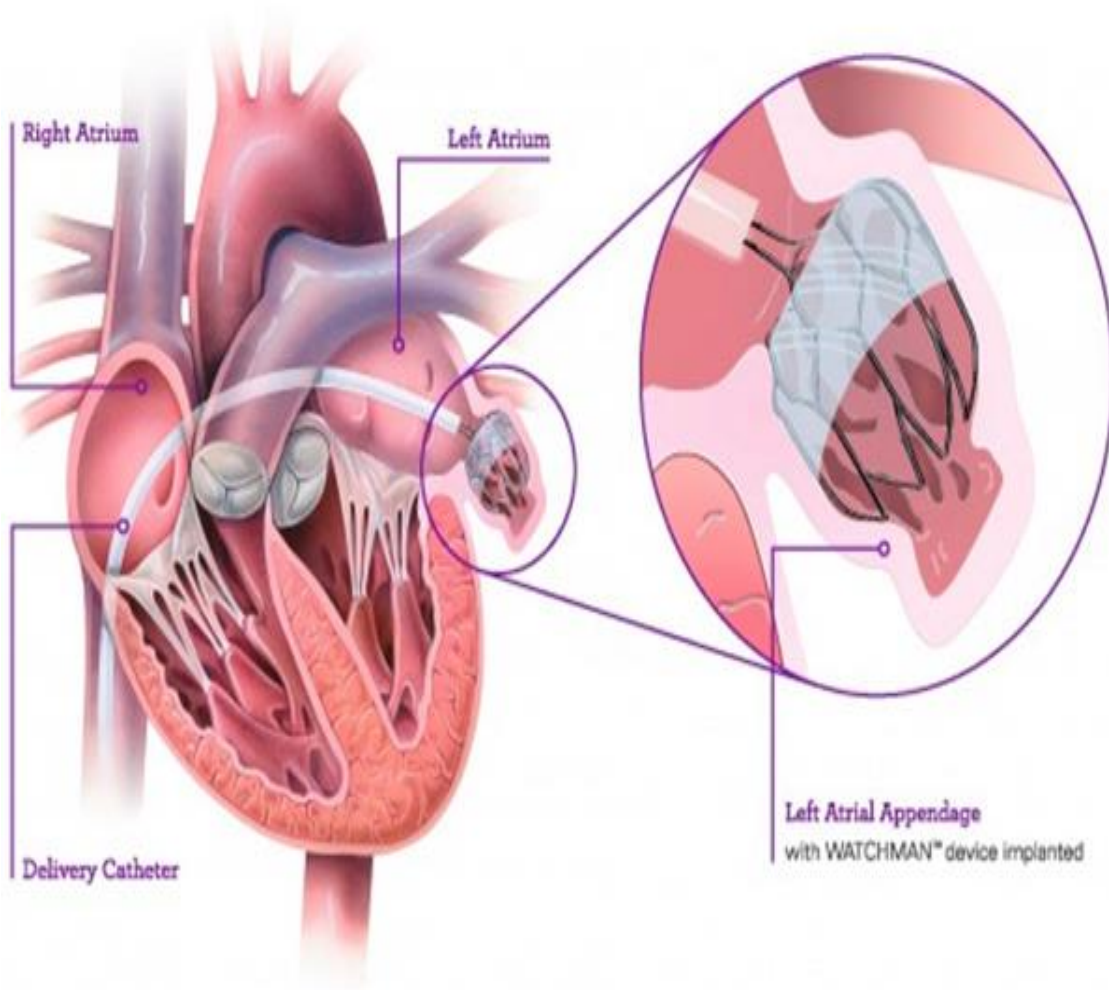
Reddy, V et al. *JACC* 2017: DOI: 10.1016/j.jacc.2017.10.021


Minimally Invasive Endocardial Procedure

Need to Collaborate with CT Surgery




Left Atrial Appendage Closure or Occlusion



 **WATCHMAN™**

Left Atrial Appendage Closure (LAAC) Device

Most Patients are able to discontinue blood thinners 45 days after the implant



Watchman Device at the Left atrial appendage, shortly after implant.

Heart tissue grows over the device, typically within a few weeks

The LAA, the most common source of strokes in Afib patients, will be sealed off permanently

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The diagram illustrates the three-stage process of LAAC. Stage 1 shows the WATCHMAN device positioned at the neck of the left atrial appendage. Stage 2 shows heart tissue beginning to grow over the device. Stage 3 shows the LAA completely sealed off, preventing blood from entering the appendage.